ATLAS WATERFRONT NEIGHBORHOOD DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

UPDATED 3/10/2020 TO REFLECT PUD AMENDMENT NO. 1
UPDATED 02/17/2021 TO REFLECT PUD AMENDMENT NO. 2
UPDATED 3/8/2022 TO REFLECT PUD AMENDMENT NO. 3
UPDATED 3/12/2024 TO REFLECT PUD AMENDMENT NO. 4

VISION

Create a Private Development Land Use and Public Space Concept Plan that will:

- Support Preserving the Entire Waterfront as Public Space
- Balance Public and Private Funding, if Possible
- Create a Unique and Desirable Community Addition that Reflects our Community Values

Vision:

- Provide Pedestrian and Bike Access Throughout
- Create a Natural and Unique Identity
- Acceptable Trade-Off: Higher Density in Exchange for More Public Space (Inclusive of the Entire Waterfront as Public)
- Water Access is a Priority
- Reserving Commercial Property for Higher Wage-Job Creating Businesses is Supported



Establishes intended:

- Commercial and residential development quality, character and uses.
- Streetscape "look and feel" including pedestrian amenities
- Upland and waterfront trails, plazas, and park spaces character and general locations.







ILLUSTRATIVE PLAN

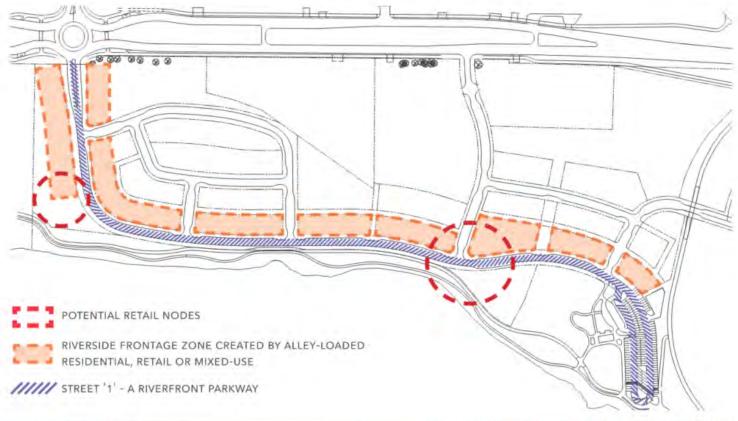








UPLAND DEVELOPMENT CONCEPTS

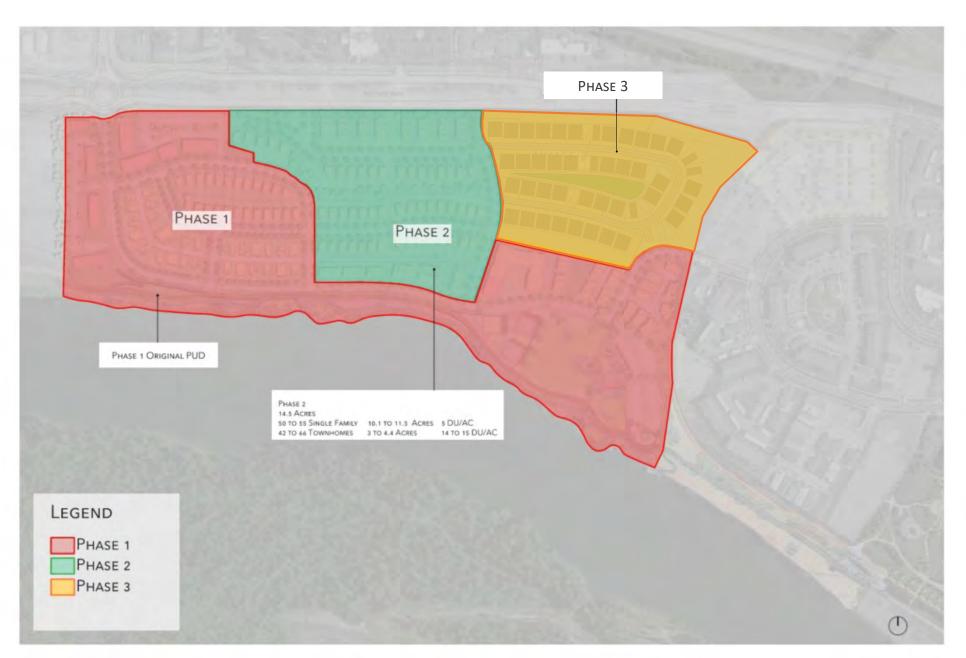




















Kendall Yards - Spokane, WA





Hidden Springs - Boise, ID









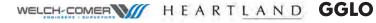
Daybreak + SoDa Row - South Jordan, UT





Veranda Beach - Oroville, WA









Northwest Crossing - Bend, OR





Seabrook - near Pacific Beach, WA







Hellgate Meadows - Missoula, MT



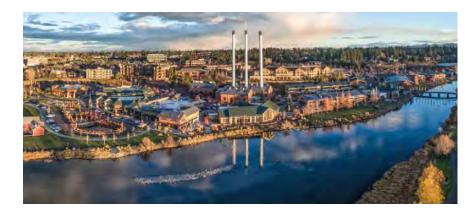




Old Sawmill District - Missoula, MT













Old Mill District - Bend, OR



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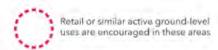
STREET FRONTAGES

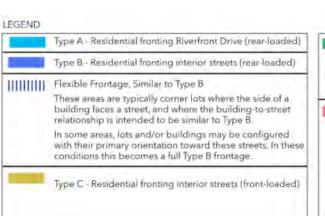


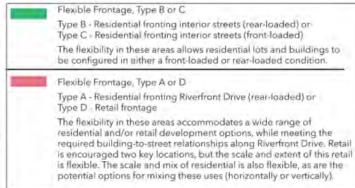
A frontage encompasses the edge of a street, the building facades oriented toward the street and the entire space in between. The ensemble of physical elements within this zone plays a big role in establishing the character of the neighborhood and the quality of its pedestrian environment. This chapter illustrates and describes the street frontages for the Atlas Waterfront Neighborhood.

Riverfront Drive is the primary placemaking street within the development area. Riverview Drive and Suzanne Road are also important neighborhood streets, but from frontage perspective they're different in that provide access the riverfront and run perpendicular to it. All other streets are interior and considered secondary within the hierarchy of neighborhood streets. See block standards for additional details, especially for areas with frontage flexibility.









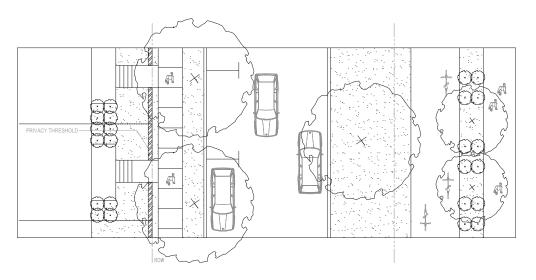


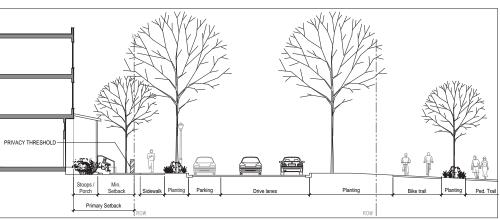


A Buildings oriented to Riverfront Drive (alley-loaded)

- Front-loaded building types and driveways are not allowed
- Setbacks: see standards for each development area.
- Prominent Street Wall: to define the north side of Riverfront Drive, buildings are required be at least 2-stories in height.
- For attached residential and multifamily building types, create a sense of individual identity by articulating individual dwelling units through building massing, roof lines, cladding, entry features or other architectural elements
- Provide front doors that clearly orient toward the street with opportunities for personalization in the small yards, terraces or patios in front of the dwelling units
- Outdoor Privacy Threshold: Riverfront Drive is destined to be a popular street with regular pedestrian traffic on its sidewalks. Privacy in close proximity, layered sense of transition. a hedge or fence (metal/wood) or low wall is required parallel to the sidewalk. It shall be maintained at a height of 24"-36".
- Front Door: Each unit is encouraged to have a front entrance that conveys a sense of pride and individuality. Porch or stoop, ideally 18"-36" above the sidewalk.







FRONTAGE TYPE A







Examples of alley-loaded residential and residential / mixed-use buildings with front small yards or terraces defined by low walls, fences or hedges

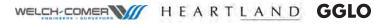






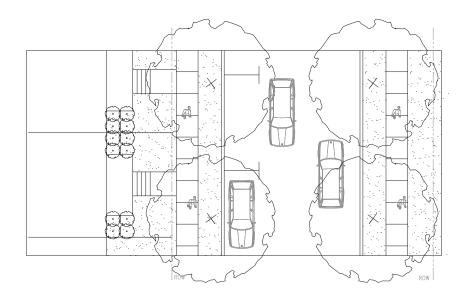




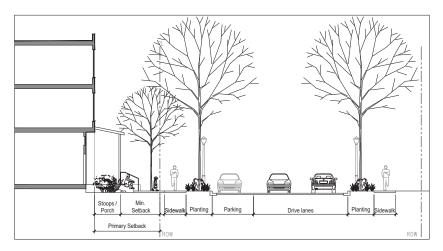


Residential buildings oriented to internal streets (alley-loaded)

- Frontage Type B is similar to Type A, but with a few differences that give Type B more flexibility (differences highlighted in red)
- Setbacks: see block standards
- Street Wall: buildings are encouraged to be at least 2-stories in height (appearance from sidewalk)
- To create a sense of individual identity, articulate individual dwelling units through building massing, roof lines, cladding, entry features or other architectural elements
- Provide opportunities for personalization at the front door and in the small yards, terraces or patios in front of the dwelling units
- Front Door: Each unit is encouraged to have a front entrance that conveys a sense of pride and individuality. Consider a porch or stoop, ideally raised 12"-18" above the sidewalk.
- Outdoor Privacy Threshold, as described in Frontage Type A, is optional







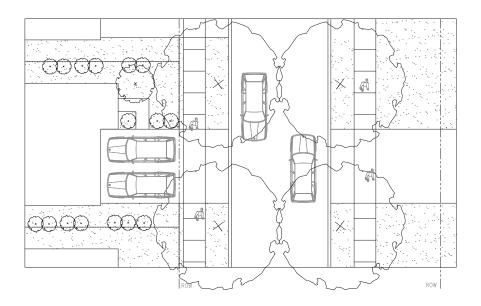
FRONTAGE TYPE B



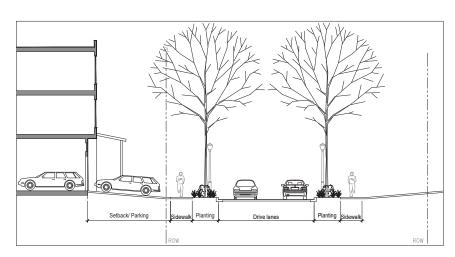


Residential buildings oriented to internal streets (front-loaded)

- Applies to parcels fronting internal streets where a rear alley is not provided
- At ground-level, garage walls shall not be the portion of the building that is closest to the street. Features such as building modulation, bays and porches shall project at least 4 feet beyond garage doors.
- Ensure a streetscape that has street trees planted at regular intervals: the combination of lot width, building placement, driveway location and width shall be configured so that trees can be planted at regular intervals along the street. Provide a minimum of one street tree per lot.







FRONTAGE TYPE C

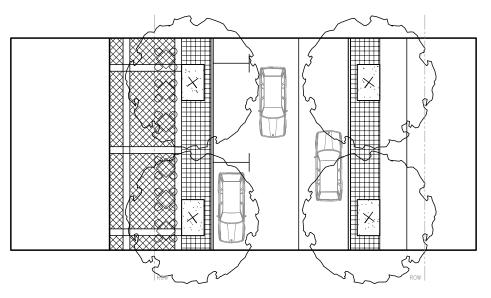


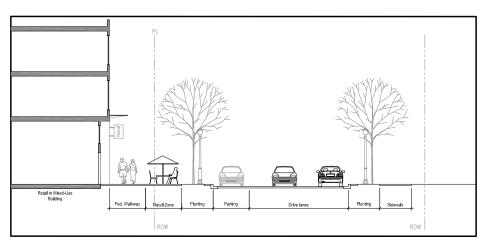


Retail or similar active uses adjacent to sidewalk

- Building entries shall be flush with sidewalk.
- Majority of ground-level building facade shall be transparent for visibility to interior space.
- Sidewalk shall be scored concrete and/or unit paving and extend to the edge of the building.
- Curb-edge zone may be primarily paved, with the wells or raised planters for street trees, or a continuous vegetative planting strip, or a combination thereof.
- Furnishing zone: outdoor café seating and merchandise displays are encouraged. Established a minimum 4' wide zone for movable sidewalk furniture at the building edge or along the curb edge and street tree zone.
- Maintain a continuous and unobstructed 8' wide pedestrian walkway.







FRONTAGE TYPE D



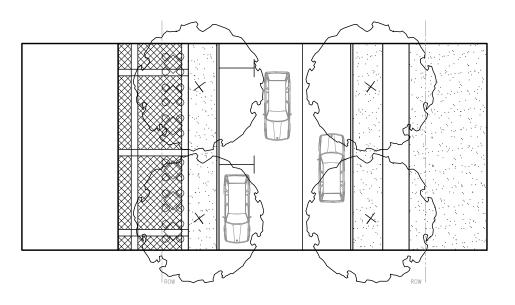


ACTIVE RETAIL OR RELATED USES ADJACENT TO SIDEWALK

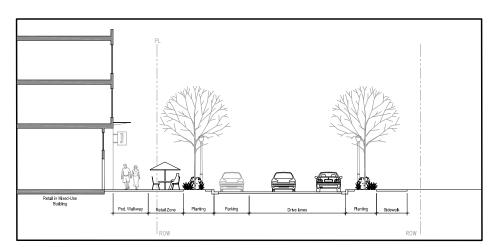
Variation of Frontage Type D



Small scale development with mix of street-facing retail and office uses, and office on the second floor.







FRONTAGE TYPE D2





STANDARDS FOR DEVELOPMENT AREAS

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DEVELOPMENT AREAS KEY PLAN

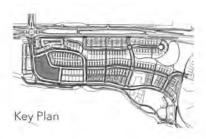


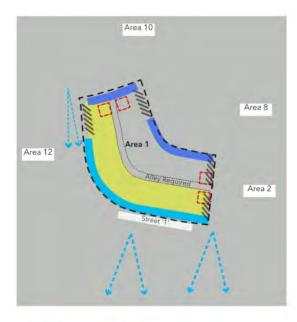
UPDATED 3-8-2022





DEVELOPMENT AREA 1 | STANDARDS







Introduction

- . Development in Area 1 is a key part of the western entry sequence into the neighborhood.
- As illustrated in Frontage Type A, buildings along Street '1' are intended to create a streetwall that compliments the overall design of the street.
- Area 1 requires an alley to achieve this goal.

Use

Residential

Building Types

- Single-Family rear-loaded
- Duplexes rear-loaded
- Townhouses rear-loaded

Lots - Townhouses and Duplexes

· Width: 20' min. - 36' max.

· Depth: 80' min. Area: 1600 sf min.

Lots - Single Family

Width: 32' min. - 75' max.

. Depth: 80' min. Area: 2500 sf min.

Corner Lots

- · Buildings on corner lots shall physically address both public exposures. One of these facades may be considered primary and the other secondary, and the design response may reflect this hierarchy.
- · Buildings on corner lots may have wrapped porches or other architectural projections that extend beyond the typical footprint toward the side street. As such, corner lots should have an appropriate width to accommodate these conditions along with the required setback.

Perimeter Streets

- · On-street parking is allowed on all sides of this area.
- Curb cuts for individual driveways are not allowed.

Setbacks (Minimum Yard)

- Front for lots facing Street 1 (Atlas Rd.) see Frontage Type A for all elements that shall be ad dressed between the building and the property line.
- . Front to primary building wall; 15' min. 20' max.
- . Front to porches and projections: 5' min Flatwork only 2' min.

(Livable space allowed above porches in homes north/east of alley)

- . Side street: 5' min. Side interior 6' minimum.
 - Flatwork only 2' min. Requires vision triangle approval from City Engineer.
- · Side separation between buildings if there is no property line: 12' min.
- Side setback allowance-fireplace and enclosures and chimneys may extends upto 1.5' into side setback.
- · Rear: 2' min. (from alley, which would be required for vehicular access to garages or parking stalls)

Building Height

- Minimum: 20' (Applies to all buildings within the minimum building height area, for the purpose of creating a streetwall along Street '1'.)
- Maximum: 40'

Off-Street Parking (quantity and dimensions)

See Coeur d'Alene City Code - Chapter 17.44

Alley

- · Area I will have an alley delineated within a 20'-wide tract and a 16'-wide, center-aligned, paved driving lane.
- · All buildings and lots shall be configured so that vehicular access to off-street parking is from the alley.
- · At the end of an area, where an alley meets a street, screening is required between parking and the sidewalk to fully or partially hide alley parking from public view. Screening may be a garage or vegetation.
- . The area diagram shows alley curb cuts at the narrow ends of the area. The northern curb cut may relocated to the interior street on the northeast side of the area.

UPDATED 3/8/2022 AMENDMENT NO. 3







DEVELOPMENT AREA 1 | POTENTIAL CONFIGURATIONS

These diagrams show different ways that buildings and lots can be configured to meet the design intent and development standards for this area. Developers may propose other layouts that comply.

1. Single family and duplexes



2. Townhouses and duplexes



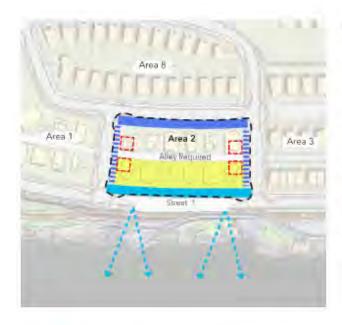






DEVELOPMENT AREA 2 | STANDARDS





- Frontage Type A Frontage Type B Minimum Building Height Area IIIIIIIII Corner Lots / Side Street Orientation Waterfront View
 - Alley Parking Screening

Introduction

- · Development on Area 2 plays a key role in shaping the character of Street '1'
- As illustrated in Frontage Type A, buildings along Street '1' are intended to create a streetwall that compliments the overall design of the street.
- Area 2 requires an alley to achieve this goal.

Use

Residential

Building Types

- · Single-Family rear-loaded
- · Duplexes rear-loaded
- Townhouses rear-loaded

Lots - Townhouses and Duplexes

- Width: 20' min. 36' max.
- · Depth: 80' min. Area: 1600 sf min.

Lots - Single Family

- Width: 32' min. 75' max.
- · Depth: 80' min. Area: 2500 sf min.

Corner Lots

- · Buildings on corner lots shall physically address. both public exposures. One of these facades may be considered primary and the other secondary, and the design response may reflect this hierarchy.
- · A building's primary (front) facade may be orientated to the side street.
- Buildings on corner lots may have wrapped porches or other architectural projections that extend beyond the typical footprint toward the side street. As such, corner lots should have an appropriate width to accommodate these conditions, along with the required setback.

UPDATED 3/8/2022 AMENDMENT NO. 3

Setbacks (Minimum Yard)

- Front for lots facing Street 1 (Atlas Rd.) see Frontage Type A for all elements that shall be ad dressed between the building and the property line.
- . Front to primary building wall; 15' min. 20' max.
- · Front to porches and projections: 5' min

Flatwork only 2' min.

(Livable space allowed above porches in homes north/east of alley)

. Side street: 5' min. Side interior 6' minimum.

Flatwork only 2' min. Requires vision triangle approval from City Engineer

- · Side separation between buildings if there is no property line: 12' min
- Side setback allowance- fireplace and enclosures and chimneys may extends upto 1.5' into side setback.
- Rear: 2' min. (from alley, which would be required for vehicular access to garages or parking stalls)

Building Height

- . Minimum: 20' (Applies to all buildings within the minimum building height area, for the purpose of creating a streetwall along Street '1'.)
- Maximum: 40^t

Off-Street Parking (quantity and dimensions)

See Coeur d'Alene City Code - Chapter 17.44

Alley

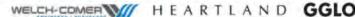
- Area 2 will have an alley delineated within a 20'-wide tract and a 16'-wide, center-aligned, paved driving lane.
- · All buildings and lots shall be configured so that vehicular access to off-street parking is from the alley.
- · At the end of an area, where an alley meets a street. screening is required between parking and the sidewalk to fully or partially hide alley parking from public view. Screening may be a garage or vegetation

Perimeter Streets

- · On-street parking is allowed on all sides of this area.
- · Curb cuts for individual driveways are not allowed.





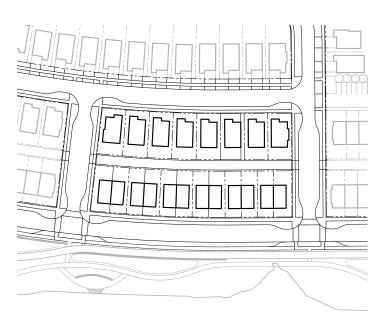




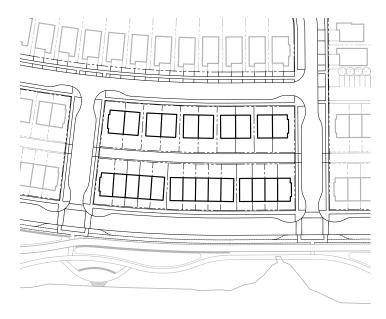
DEVELOPMENT AREA 2 | POTENTIAL CONFIGURATIONS

These diagrams show different ways that buildings and lots can be configured to meet the design intent and development standards for this area. Developers may propose other layouts that comply.

1. Duplexes and Single Family



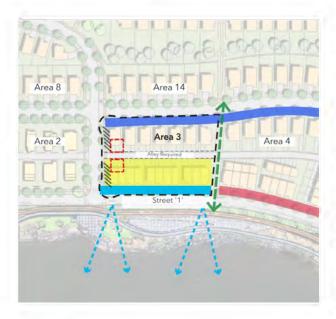
2. Townhouses and Duplexes





DEVELOPMENT AREA 3 | STANDARDS







Introduction

- · Development on Area 3 plays a key role in shaping the character of Street 1.
- As illustrated in Frontage Type A, buildings along Street '1' are intended to create a streetwall that compliments the overall design of the street.
- . Area 3 requires an alley to achieve this goal. The alley will extend east into Area 4.
- The tract between Area 3 and Area 4 is planned to have a pedestrian hillclimb (stairway) that provides access to the waterfront from the upper portions of these areas and area 9.
- The standards for area 3 accommodate the sloped topography and unique shape of this site.

Use

Residential

Building Types

- Single Family rear loaded on area 3 front-loaded on alley only
- Duplexes rear-loaded on area front-loaded on alley only
- Townhouses rear-loaded
- Multiple Family

homes north of the alley

Rear-loaded single

family, duplex & town-

of the alley entire block. May include live/work.

Lots - Townhouses and Duplexes

- Width: 20' min. 36' max. Depth: 80' min. 76' min.
- Area: 1600 sf min.

Lots - Single Family

- Width: 32' min. 75' max
- + Depth: 80' min. Area: 2500 sf min.

Lots - Multiple Family

No minimum or maximum size requirements.

Corner Lots

- Buildings on corner lots shall physically address both public exposures. One of these facades may be considered primary and the other secondary, and the design response may reflect this hierarchy.
- . The primary (front) facade of a building or unit may be orientated to the side street
- . Buildings on comer lots may have wrapped porches or other architectural projections that extend beyond the typical footprint toward the side street. As such, corner lots should have an appropriate width to accommodate these conditions, along with the required setback.

Setbacks (Minimum Yard) - South of Alley

(also applies to area north of alley if configured with rear-loaded Townhouses, Duplexes, Single Family)

- . Front to primary building wall: 15' min. 20' max.
- · Front to porches and projections: 5' min. (Livable space allowed above porches in homes north of alley)
- · Side: 6' min.
- Side separation between buildings if there is no. property line: 12' min.
- Rear-loaded townhomes south Rear: 2' min. (from alley, which would be required for vehicular access to garages or parking stalls)
 - Side setback allowance- fireplace and enclosures and chimneys may extends upto 1.5' into side setback.

Setbacks (Minimum Yard) - North of Alley Front-loaded - Townhouses, Duplexes, Single Family

- · Front for lots facing Street 1 (Atlas Rd.) see Frontage Type A for all elements that shall be addressed between the building and the property line.
- . Front garage door: 20' min. (measured from back of sidewalk)
- · Front ground-level porches and projections. Any building that has a garage on the front facade is required to have a ground-level projection or porch that extends at least 4' beyond the garage, toward the

The width of the projection or porch shall be equal to or greater than half the width of the garage door.

. Side: 6' min.









DEVELOPMENT AREA 3 | STANDARDS

 Side separation between buildings if there is no property line: 12' min.

Setbacks (Mininim Yard) - North of Alley Multiple Family

- . Front to primary building wall: 15' min. 20' max.
- · Front to parches and projections: 9' min.
- . Side Interior: 10' min.
- . Side facing street; 10' min.
- . Side facing alley: 5' min.
- Side separation between buildings if no property line: 20' min.
- . Rear to primary building wall: 13' min.
- · Rear to porches and projections: 7' min.

Building Height

- Minimum: 20' (Applies to all buildings within the minimum building height area, for the purpose of creating a streetwall along Street '1'.)
- Maximum: 40* 45'

Off-Street Parking (quantity and dimensions)

. See Coeur d'Alene City Code - Chapter 17.44

Alley

- Area 3 will have an alley delineated within a 20'-wide tract and a 16'-wide, center-aligned, paved driving lane.
- All buildings and lots on Area 3 (south of alley) shall be configured so that off-street parking is accessed from the alley.
- Bulldings and lots on Area 3 (north of alley) that are adjacent to the alley shall be configured so that offstreet parking is accessed from the alley.
- At the end of an area, where an alley meets a street, screening is required between parking and the

sidewalk to fully or partially hide alley parking from public view. Screening may be a garage or vegetation.

Perimeter Streets

- On-street parking is allowed on Street "1" and potentially on the west side of the area.
- . Curb cuts are not allowed along Street '1'.
- Curb cuts for individual driveways are allowed along the west side of the area, in the section of Frontage Type C.

Pocket Parks

• 12,500 square feet of pocket park minimum required between Areas 3 and 4









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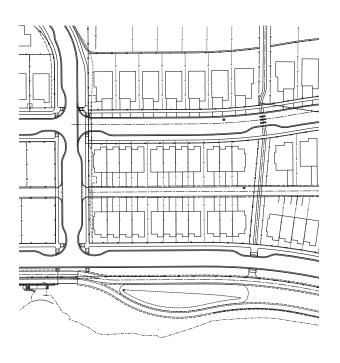


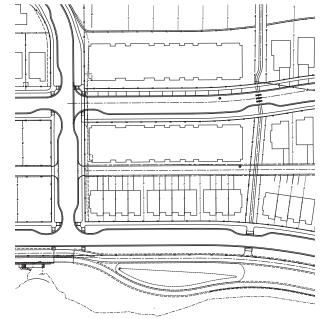
DEVELOPMENT AREA 3 | POTENTIAL CONFIGURATIONS

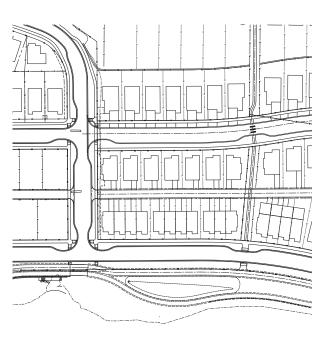
These diagrams show different ways that buildings and lots can be configured to meet the design intent and development standards for this area. Developers may propose other layouts that comply.

1. Townhouses

- 2. Townhouses, and multiple family (parking under building)
- 3. Townhouses and single family

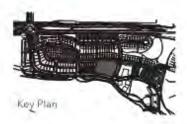








DEVELOPMENT AREA 4 | STANDARDS





- Frontage Type A or D
- Frontage Type B
 - Minimum Building Height Area
- Flexible Frontage Type A or B
- |||||||||| Flexible Frontage Type A or D
- Corner Lots
- Required Pedestrian Walkway

Waterfront View

Alley Parking Screening

Introduction

- Development on Area 4 (south of alley) plays a key role. in shaping the character of Street '1'.
- Like other blocks along Street '1', the buildings. on Area 4 (south of alley) are intended to create a streetwall that compliments the overall design of the street.
- Area 4 requires an alley to achieve this goal. The alley will extend west into Area 3.
- . One or more buildings with street facing retail or a similar active use is required at the southeast corner of Area 4 Additional retail is allowed along Street '1
- Alley alignment may be revised to accommodate a larger building at the southeast comer of the block.
- · Area 4 is sloped site where the topography steps down from north to south (toward the river).
- . The tract between Area 3 and Area 4 is planned to have a pedestrian hillclimb (stairway) which provides access to the waterfront from the upper portions of these areas and from Area 9.

Uses

- · Residential
- Specialty retail sales
- · Business supply retail sales
- · Group assembly/clubhouse
- · Food & beverage sales · Real estate/leasing office

family, duplex &

alley

(on-site consumption) • Mixed use or commercial on SE corner with 500 sf min. retail/ restaurant on ground floor

townhomes north of the

Building Types

- Single Family alley-loaded Rear-loaded single
- Townhouse alley-loaded
- Multiple Family
- . Mixed Use (multiple family with commercial base)
- Free-standing retail
- Rear-loaded townhomes south of the alley entire block. May include live/work.

Lots - Townhouses and Duplexes

- Width: 20' min. 36' max.
- Depth: 80' min. 76' min.
- Area: 1600 sf min.

Lots - Single Family

- Width: 32' min.: 75' max.
- . Depth: 80' min.
- Area: 2500 sf min.

Lots - Multiple Family

No minimum or maximum size requirements

Lots - Non-Residential Uses

No minimum or maximum size requirements

Corner Lots

- Buildings on corner lots shall physically address. both public exposures. One of these facades may be considered primary and the other secondary, and the design response may reflect this hierarchy,
- The primary (front) facade of a building or unit may be orientated to the side street.

Setbacks (Minimum Yard) - rear-loaded Townhouses, Duplexes, Single Family (Also applies to area north of alley if configures with rear loaded TH, DU or SF)

- . Front to primary building wall: 15' min. 20' max.
- · Front to porches and projections: 5' min. (Livable space allowed above porches in homes north of alley)
- · Side: 6' min.
- Side separation between buildings if there is no property line: 12' min.
- . Rear: 2' min. (from alley, which would be required for vehicular access to garages or parking stalls)
- . Side setback allowance-fireplace and enclosures and chimneys may extends upto 1.5' into side setback.

Setbacks (Minimum Yard) - Multiple Family

- Front (to primary building wall): 15' min. 20' max.
- · Front (to porches and projections): 9' min.
- . Side (interior): 10' min.
- Side separation between buildings if there is no. property line: 20' min.
- Side (facing street): 13' min.
- · Rear: 7' min.

Setbacks (Minimum Yard) - Mixed Use and Stand-Alone Retail

- Front: 6' min. (measured from back of sidewalk).
- . Side (facing street): 6' min. (measured from back of sidewalk)

Front and Street-Facing Side Setbacks provide an









DEVELOPMENT AREA 4 | STANDARDS

opportunity to place buildings with active ground-level uses close to the street. In these locations the setback area is intended to create a wider sidewalk that can accommodate outdoor dining and other retail functions that may occupy the sidewalk during business hours.

- Side (interior): 10' min. 6' min.
- Side separation between buildings if there is no property line: 20° min.
- Side or Rear (facing alley): 8' min.
- * Rear (to property line): 6' min. 6' min.

Building Height

- Minimum: 20' (Applies to all buildings within the minimum building height area, for the purpose of creating a streetwall along Street '1'.)
- Maximum: 45'
- Exception: Commercial/Retail Minimum building height: 17

Off-Street Parking (quantity and dimensions)

- See Coeur d'Alene City Code Chapter 17:44
- Exception parking for food and beverage sales (on-site consumption) over 1000 sf;
- minimum quantity = 1 space per 250 sf of floor area.
- upto 50% of required parking may be provided in the public realm, which includes:
- public streets,
- the parking lot associated with the waterfront park,
- other public spaces that may be built as part of this development

Alley

- Area 4 will have an alley within a 20'-wide tract and with a 16'-wide, center-aligned, paved driving lane.
- All buildings and lots on Area 4 shall be configured so that off-street parking is accessed from the alley.
- At the end of a area, where the alley meets a street, screening is required between parking and the sidewalk to fully or partially hide alley parking from public view. Screening may be a building, garage or vegetation.
- The alley alignment may be adjusted to accommodate a larger building or different development configuration at the southeast corner of the area.

Perimeter Streets

- On-street parking is allowed on Street '1' and Street '2'.
- Curb cuts for driveways to individual residential units are not allowed.
- The eastern end of the alley may connect to either Street '1' or Street '2'.
- If the proposed development concept contains a internal parking where access is required in two different locations (likely on two different levels), then a second curb cut is allowed on the street that does not contain the alley curb cut.

Pocket Parks

• 12,500 square feet of pocket park minimum required between Areas 3 and 4

UPDATED 3/8/2022 AMENDMENT NO. 3 UPDATED 3/12/2024 AMENDMENT NO. 4







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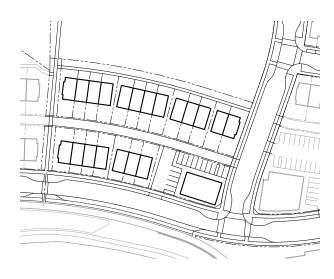




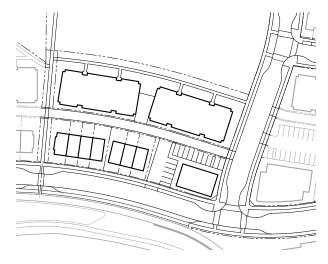
DEVELOPMENT AREA 4 | POTENTIAL CONFIGURATIONS

These diagrams show different ways that buildings and lots can be configured to meet the design intent and development standards for this area. Developers may propose other layouts and use mixes that comply.

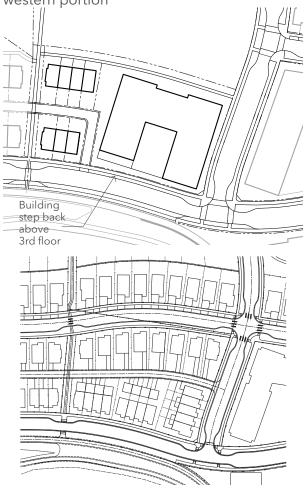
1. Townhouses with retail or restaurant at southeast corner



2. Multiple family (parking within building) and townhouses, retail or restaurant at southeast corner



3. Mixed use / multiple family with street-level retail at southeast corner (parking within building), townhouses on western portion



4. Single family and townhouses







DEVELOPMENT AREA 5 | STANDARDS





- Frontage Type A
- Frontage Type D
- Frontage Type B
 - Minimum Building Height Area
- IIIIIIII Flexible Frontage Type A Or D
- Similar To Frontage Type B / Side Street Flexibility
- Waterfront View
 - Required Mid-Area Pedestrian Walkway Specific Location Is Flexible

Introduction

- Like other areas adjacent to Street 1, Area 5 plays a key role in shaping the character of the street. Buildings along Street '1' are intended to create a streetwall that compliments the overall design of the street.
- Describe mid-area pedestrian walkway / hillclimb, park connectivity, view corridor, and potential front door access (primary bldg face) for adjacent residential units. Developer required to build.
- · Alignment and coordination with area north of alley.
- Depending on the proposed building types and their configuration, an alley may or may not be necessary to achieve the intended frontage condition for Street '1' Alternatively, an alley may be necessary for only a portion of the block.
- One or more buildings with street facing retail, or a similar active use, is required at the southwest corner of Area 5. Additional retail is allowed along Street '1', extending east to the mid-block pedestrian crossing.

- · Residential
- Hotel
- Minimum 1,500 st of 1. Specialty retail sales
- · Business supply retail sales · Real estate/leasing office
- 2, Food & beverage sales (on-site consumption-may be achieved with 1,000 sf internal and 500 sf external)
- Public spaces (plazas and gathering places)

Allowed Building Types

- Single family alley-loaded
- Duplex alley-loaded
- Townhouse alley-loaded
- Multiple family (flats)
- Mixed-use (multiple family and retail)
- Free-standing retail
- · Cottage court
- Hotel

Lots - Townhouses and Duplexes

- Width: 20' min. 36' max.
- . Depth: 80' min.
- Area: 1600 sf min.

Lots - Single Family

Width: 32' min. - 75' max.

UPDATED 3/8/2022 AMENDMENT NO. 3

UPDATED 3/12/2024 AMENDMENT NO. 4

. Depth: 80' min:

Area: 2500 sf min.

Lots - Multiple Family

No minimum or maximum size requirements

Lots - Non-Residential Uses

No minimum or maximum size requirements

Side Street Orientation

- · All buildings that occupy an area corner or corner lot condition shall physically address both public exposures. One of these building faces may be primary and the other secondary, and design responses may reflect this orientation hierarchy.
- · Side Street Flexibility: the area edges. Street '2', the mid-area pedestrian walkway may become primary frontages.

Setbacks & Building Separation

Area 5 West is a particularly unique area where the orientation of buildings or lots cannot be determined until after a design is proposed. Therefore, setback standards are identified geographically.

Frontage D - Buildings with street-level retail:

- Street '1' and Street '2': 6' 9' accommodates the a wider sidewalk and street furnishing zone
- . Side (facing mid-block ped, walkway): 5' min.
- Side separation between buildings: 12' min.
- Public spaces are exempt from urban form street walls. Frontage A - Residential-only buildings:
- · Front for lots facing Street 1 (Atlas Rd.) see Frontage Type A for all elements that shall be ad dressed between the building and the property line.
- Street '1' (primary bldg wall): 15' 20'
- · Street '1' (porches and projections): 9' min.
- · Street '1': outdoor privacy threshold required per Frontage Type A
- · Side street: 5' min. Side interior 6' minimum.
- Side (facing mid-block ped, walkway): 5' min.
- · Side setback allowance-fireplace and enclosures and chimneys may extends upto 1.5' into side setback.
- Side separation between buildings: Townhouses, duplexes and single family: 12' min. & multiple family: 25' min.







DEVELOPMENT AREA 5 | STANDARDS

· Rear: 2' min. if an alley is provided

Setbacks & Building Separation (continued)

Frontage B - Residential-only buildings or residential-only portions of mixed use buildings:

- North area edge (primary bldg wall): 15' 20'
- North area edge (porches and projections): 9' min.
- · Side (facing Street '2', mid area ped, walkway and Suzanne Rd.) 5' min.
- · Side separation between buildings: Townhouses, duplexes and single family: 12' min. multiple family: 25' min.
- . Rear: 2' min. If an alley is provided

Building Height

- . Minimum: 20' (Applies to all buildings within the minimum building height area, for the purpose of creating a streetwall along Street '1'.)
- Maximum: 45 ft.*
- *45 ft with a conditional height increase of up to 60 ft if there is a public benefit that can be reached through the ANE/DDA negotiations with ignite cda,

Alley Conditions & Off-Street Parking Access

- If an alley is provided, it shall be in a tract 20' wide. with a 16' paved lane and 2' additional space on either side for snow storage between parking pads or garages.
- · Where an alley or parking lot meets a street, screening is required behind the sidewalk to fully or partially hide the parking from public view. Screening may be a garage or vegetation

Off-Street Parking (quantity and dimensions)

- See Coeur d'Alene City Code Chapter 17 44
- Exception parking for food and beverage sales (on-site consumption) over 1000 sf:
 - minimum quantity = 1 space per 250 sf of floor area upto 50% of required parking may be provided in the public realm, which includes:
 - public streets
 - the parking lot associated with the waterfront park
 - other public spaces that may be built as part of this development
- Exception parking in a mixed-use or multifamily building shall provide a minimum of 1 space per studio and 1-bedroom unit and 1.5 spaces per 2-bedroom unit.

Perimeter Streets

- . On-street parking is allowed on all streets surrounding Area 5.
- . Curb cuts for individual driveways are not allowed on the streets surrounding Area 5.

To accommodate different development options, one alley curb cut is allowed in each of the following area edge.

- . Street '1': between Street '2' and mid area pedestrian walkway
- . Street 2': entire length
- · northern street: between Street '2' and mid-area pedestrian walkway
- · northern street: between mid area pedestrian walkway and Suzanne Rd.
- . Suzanne Rd.: entire length







UPDATED 3/8/2022 AMENDMENT NO. 3

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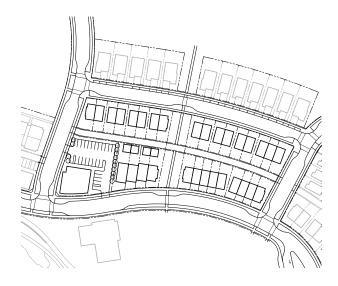




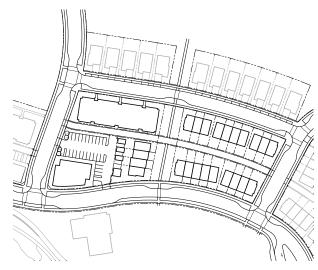
DEVELOPMENT AREA 5 | POTENTIAL CONFIGURATIONS

These diagrams show different ways that buildings and lots can be configured to meet the design intent and development standards for this area. Developers may propose other layouts and use mixes that comply.

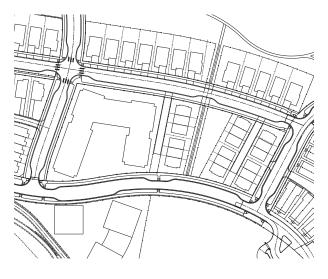
1. Townhouses and duplexes with retail or restaurant at SW corner



2. Townhouses and multiple family (parking within building) with retail or restaurant at SW corner



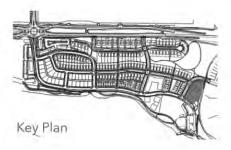
3. Mixed use / multiple family with street level retail at SW corner (parking within building) and cottages on east half.







DEVELOPMENT AREA 6 | STANDARDS



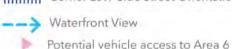








||||||||| Corner Lot / Side Street Orientation



Introduction

- Area 6 helps shape the character of Street '1'. It is also the eastern bookend of development along this street.
- Per Frontage Type A, buildings along Street '1' are intended to create a streetwall that compliments the overall design of the street.
- Area 6 has an irregular shape, with topography that slopes up to the north and east.
- To meet the design goals and unique site conditions of this block, it will be necessary to use an alley or rear parking lot for access to off-street parking and to accommodate a range of development options.

Use

· Residential

Building Types

- · Single Family rear-loaded
- · Duplexes rear-loaded
- · Townhouses rear-loaded
- · Multiple Family

Lots - Townhouses and Duplexes

- · Width: 20' min. 36' max.
- Depth: 80' min.
 Area: 1600 sf min.

Lots - Single Family

- . Width: 32' min. 75' max.
- Depth: 80' min.
- Area: 2500 sf min.

Lots - Multiple Family

. No minimum or maximum size requirements

Corner Lots

- Buildings on corner lots shall physically address both public exposures. One of these facades may be considered primary and the other secondary, and the design response may reflect this hierarchy.
- Buildings on corner lots may have wrapped porches or other architectural projections that extend beyond the typical footprint toward the side street. As such, corner lots should have an appropriate width to accommodate these conditions along with the required setback

Setbacks (Minimum Yard) Residential - Townhouses, Duplexes, Single Family

- . Front to primary building wall: 15' min. 20' max.
- Front to porches and projections: 5' min (Livable space allowed above porches in homes north/east of alley)
- · Side street: 5' min. Side interior 6' minimum.
- Side separation between buildings if there is no property line: 12' min.
- Side setback allowance: fireplace and enclosures and chimneys may extends upto 1.5' into side setback.
- Rear: 2' min. (from alley, which would be required for vehicular access to garages or parking stalls)
- · Rear: 10' min, no alley

Setbacks (Minimum Yard) Residential - Multiple Family

- . Front: 15' min. 20' max.
- . Side (interior): 10' min.
- · Side (facing street): 13' min.
- Side separation between buildings if there is no property line: 20' min.
- · Rear (to primary building wall): 13' min.
- · Rear (to porches and projections): 7' min.

Bullding Height

- Minimum: 20' (Applies to all buildings within the minimum building height area, for the purpose of creating a streetwall along Street '1'.)
- Maximum: 35°

Alley Conditions & Off-Street Parking Access

- If an alley is provided, it shall be 20' wide, with a 16'paved lane and 2' additional space on either side for snow storage between parking pads or garages.
- Where an alley or parking lot meets a street, screening is required to fully or partially hide the parking from public view. Screening may be a residential unit, a garage, or vegetation.

Off-Street Parking (quantity and dimensions)

See Coeur d'Alene City Code - Chapter 17.44







DEVELOPMENT AREA 6 | POTENTIAL CONFIGURATIONS

Perimeter Streets

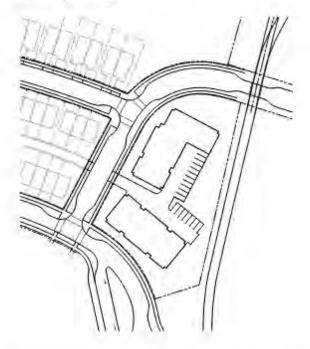
- . On-street parking is allowed on Street '1' and Street '4'
- No curb cuts are allowed along Street /1.
- . Curb cuts for individual driveways are not allowed in Area 6.
- When the backs of townhomes are oriented toward the public street and topography does not allow for direct public access to the units, require a prominent and direct pedestrian route from the public sidewalk to the alley front doors.
 - 1. Single family and duplexes



2. Townhouses



Multiple family (with tuck under and surface parking)



These diagrams show different ways that buildings and lots can be configured to meet the design intent and development standards for this area. Developers may propose other layouts that comply.

UPDATED 3/8/2022 AMENDMENT NO. 3





DEVELOPMENT AREA 7 | STANDARDS















Introduction

- · Hillside block that will be developed with front-loaded houses or duplexes
- · Buildings and lot configurations shall be designed to minimize the visual impact of garages facing the street.
- . The north side of area 7 abuts the southern edge and lower slopes of the upland nature park.
- Area 7 must contain a public corridor that roughly bisects the block. It is intended to create a view corridor and provide pedestrian connectivity between the upland and riverfront parks.
- . The specific location of the public corridor is flexible, but it must fall within the middle 1/3 of the overall block length. It also must be aligned with the same corridor through Area 5.

Use

Residential

Allowed Building Types

- Single family front-loaded
- Duplex front-loaded and rear-loaded
- Multifamily (parking within building)
- Cottage Court (cottage-style twin-homes or single family) on individual lots or condo platted.
- Front and rear-loaded townhomes

Lots

 Width: 32' min. - 75' max. Depth: 100' min. 90' min.

Area: 3200 sf min

UPDATED 3/8/2022 AMENDMENT NO. 3

Corner Lots & Building Side Expression

- Buildings on corner lots shall physically address both public exposures. One of these facades may be considered primary and the other secondary, and the design response may reflect this hierarchy.
- · A building's primary (front) facade may be orientated to the side street.
- Buildings on corner lots may have wrapped porches. or other architectural projections that extend beyond the typical footprint toward the side street. As such, corner lots should have an appropriate width to accommodate these conditions, along with the required setback.

Setbacks & Building Separation - Single Family

- . Front garage: 20' min. (measured from back of side
- Front ground-level porches and projections: Any building that has a garage on the front facade is required to have, at a minimum, a ground-level projection or porch that extends 4' beyond the garage, toward the street.

The width of the projection or porch shall be equal to or greater than half the width of the garage door.

- . Side facing street or public corridor: 5' min.
- Side separation between buildings: Single Family and Duplexes: 10' min.
- · Rear: 15'min.

Setbacks (Minimum Yard) - Multiple Family

- Front (to primary building wall): 15' min. 20' max.
- · Front (to porches and projections): 9' min
- . Side (interior): 10' min.
- · Side separation between buildings if there is no property line: 20' min
- · Side (facing street): 13' min.
- · Rear: 7' min.

Building Height

- Maximum: 35' Single Family (SF) and Duplexes
- Maximum 45' Multifamily (MF)

Off-Street Parking (quantity and dimensions)

See Coeur d'Alene City Code - Chapter 17.44

Perimeter Streets

- On-street parking adjacent to Area 7 is allowed on Street '2' and Suzanne Rd.
- . Driveway curb cuts are allowed on the street south of the block. See Building Types for requirements that ensure the provision of regularly spaced street trees.
- Cottage courts can be served by an alley or public street. Alley-loaded dwellings in cottage courts do not require frontage on a public or private street.





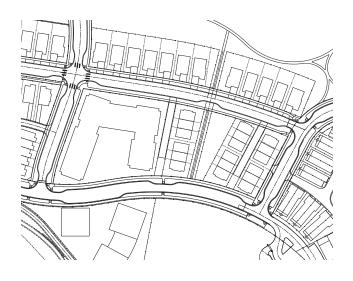


DEVELOPMENT AREA 7 | POTENTIAL CONFIGURATIONS

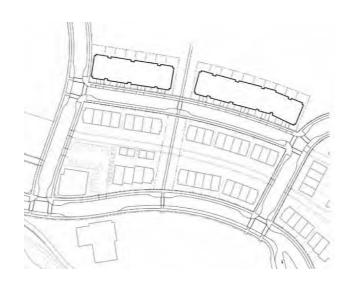
These diagrams show different ways that buildings and lots can be configured to meet the design intent and development standards for this area. Developers may propose other layouts that comply.

- 1. Single family homes (front-loaded)
- 2. Duplexes (front-loaded)

3. Multifamily (parking within building)





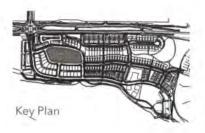








DEVELOPMENT AREA 8 | STANDARDS





Primary Building Orientation
Frontage Type C, if developed without an alley
Frontage Type B, if developed with an alley







Introduction

- Area 8 is a residential area that could be developed with or without an alley.
- If developed without an alley, then all front-loaded buildings and lot configurations shall be designed to minimize the visual impact of garages facing the street.

Use

Residential

Building Types

- Single Family front-loaded and rear-loaded
- · Duplexes front-loaded and rear-loaded
- Townhouses rear-loaded only

Lots - Townhouses and Duplexes

- Width: 20' min. 36' max.
- Depth: 60' min.
 Area: 1600 sf min.

Lots - Single Family

- . Width: 32' min. 75' max.
- Depth: 80' min.
 Area: 2500 sf min.

Corner Lots

- Buildings on corner lots shall physically address both public exposures. One of these facades may be considered primary and the other secondary, and the design response may reflect this hierarchy.
- A building's primary (front) facade may be orientated to the side street.
- Buildings on corner lots may have wrapped porches or other architectural projections that extend beyond the typical footprint toward the side street. As such, corner lots should have an appropriate width to accommodate these conditions, along with the required setback.

Setbacks (Minimum Yard) - Rear-Loaded Condition

- Front to primary building wall: 15' min. 20' max.
- Front to porches and projections: 9' min. Flatwork only
- Side: 6' min. Flatwork only 2' min.*
- Side separation between buildings if there is no property line: 12' min.
- Rear: 2' min. (from alley, which is required for vehicular access to garages or parking stalls)

Setbacks (Minimum Yard) - Front-Loaded Condition

- Front garage door: 20' min. (measured from back of sidewalk)
- Front ground-level porches and projections:
 Any building that has a garage on the front facade is required to have a ground-level projection or porch that extends at least 4' beyond the garage, toward the street.

The width of the projection or porch shall be equal to or greater than half the width of the garage door.

- . Side: 6 min.
- Side separation between buildings if there is no property line: 12' min.
- · Rear: 15' min.

Building Height

· Maximum: 35'

Off-Street Parking (quantity and dimensions)

· See Coeur d'Alene City Code - Chapter 17.44

Alley (optional)

- If an alley is provided, it will be delineated within a 20'wide tract and have a 16'-wide, center-aligned, paved driving lane.
- If an alley is provided, all buildings and lots along it shall be configured so that vehicular access to off-street parking is from the alley.
- Where an alley meets a street at the end of a area, screening is required between parking and the sidewalk to fully or partially hide alley parking from public view. Screening may be a garage or vegetation.

Perimeter Streets

- If no alley is provided, then individual driveway curb-cuts are allowed on all streets surrounding the block.
- For front-loaded development, ensure that the layout of lots, buildings and driveways allows for street trees to be planted at regularly spaced intervals along the street.
- *Requires vision triangle approval from City Engineer.







DEVELOPMENT AREA 8 | POTENTIAL CONFIGURATIONS

These diagrams show different ways that buildings and lots can be configured to meet the design intent and development standards for this area. Developers may propose other layouts that comply.

1. Single Family Homes (front-loaded)



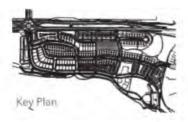
2. Alley option provides an opportunity for rear-loaded single family homes and rear-loaded townhouses that take advantage of sloped topography to have garages below the main level of the units.







DEVELOPMENT AREA 9 | STANDARDS





- Type C Residential Fronting Interior Streets
- Potential Vehicle Access
- ____ Waterfront and river valley views
- IIIII Corner Lot
- ←→⇒ Required Pedestrian Walkway

Introduction

· Area 9 is a residential area.

Use

· Residential

Building Types

- · Single Family front-loaded
- Duplexes
- Townhouses

Lots - Townhouses and Duplexes

- Width: 25 min. 50 max.
- Depth: 60' min. 185' max.
- Area: 1500 sf min.

Lots - Single Family

- . Width: 35' min. 55' max.
- Depth: 75' min. 185' max.
- Area: 2625 sf min.

Corner Lots

- Buildings on corner lots shall physically address both public exposures. One of these facades may be considered primary and the other secondary, and the design response may reflect this hierarchy.
- A building's primary (front) facade may be orientated to the side street.
- Buildings on corner lots may have wrapped porches or other architectural projections that extend beyond the typical footprint toward the side street. As such, corner lots should have an appropriate width to accommodate these conditions, along with the required setback.

Setbacks (Minimum Yard) - Rear-Loaded Condition

- Front to primary building wall: 15' min. 20' max.
- Front to porches and projections: 9' min. Flatwork only
- Side: 5' min Flatwork only 2' min.*
 2' min.
- Side separation between buildings if there is no property line: 12' min.
- Rear. 2' min. (from alley, which is required for vehicular access to garages or parking stalls)

Setbacks (Minimum Yard) - Front-Loaded Condition

 Front - garage door: 20' min. (measured from back of sidewalk) Front - ground-level porches and projections:
 Any building that has a garage on the front facade is required to have a ground-level projection or purch that extends at least 4' beyond the garage, toward the street.

The width of the projection or porch shall be equal to or greater than half the width of the garage door.

- 5ide: 5' min
- Side separation between buildings if there is no property line: 12' min.
- · Rear: 15' min.

Building Height

. Maximum: 45'

Off-Street Parking (quantity and dimensions)

See Coeur d'Alene City Code - Chapter 17.44

Alley (optional)

- If an alley is provided, it will be delineated within a 20'wide tract and have a 16'-wide, center-aligned, paved driving lane.
- If an alley is provided, all buildings and lots along it shall be configured so that vehicular access to off-street parking is from the alley.
- Where an alley meets a street at the end of a area, screening is required between parking and the sidewalk to fully or partially hide alley parking from public view. Screening may be a garage or vegetation.

Perimeter Streets

- If no alley is provided, then individual driveway curb-cuts are allowed on all streets surrounding the block.
- For front-loaded development, ensure that the layout of lots, buildings and driveways allows for street trees to be planted at regularly spaced intervals along the street

*Requires vision triangle approval from City Engineer.





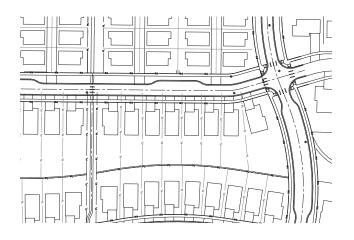


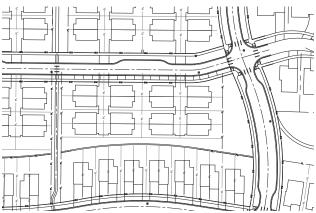


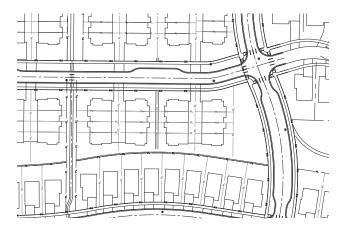
DEVELOPMENT AREA 9 | POTENTIAL CONFIGURATIONS

- 1. Single Family Homes (front-loaded)
- 2. Duplexes

3. Townhomes

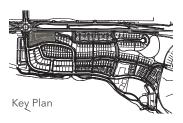


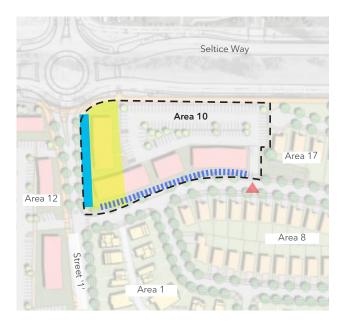






DEVELOPMENT AREA 10 | STANDARDS





- Frontage Type A
- Minimum building height area
- |||||||||| Corner lot / side street orientation or similar to Frontage Type B for buildings that face this street
 - Potential vehicle access to Area 10
 - Retain existing trees where possible

Introduction

- Area 10 is adjacent the western entrance of the site and will play prominent role in creating a gateway to the neighborhood.
- Proposed development should maintain as many of the existing trees as possible on the north side of the block (along Seltice Way).
- Buildings adjacent to Street '1' should create a streetwall that compliments the overall design of the street.

Use

Residential

Building Types

- Single Family rear-loaded
- Duplexes rear-loaded
- Townhouses rear-loaded
- Multiple Family

Lots - Townhouses and Duplexes

- Width: 20' min. 36' max.
- Depth: 80' min.Area: 1600 sf min.

Lots - Single Family

- Width: 32' min. 75' max.
- Depth: 80' min.
- Area: 2500 sf min.

Lots - Multiple Family

• No minimum or maximum size requirements

Corner Lots

- Buildings on corner lots shall physically address both public exposures. One of these facades may be considered primary and the other secondary, and the design response may reflect this hierarchy.
- Buildings on corner lots may have wrapped porches or other architectural projections that extend beyond the typical footprint toward the side street. As such, corner lots should have an appropriate width to accommodate these conditions along with the required setback.

Setbacks (Minimum Yard)

Residential - Townhouses, Duplexes, Single Family

- Front to primary building wall: 15' min. 20' max.
- Front to porches and projections: 9' min.
- Side: 6' min.
- Side separation between buildings if there is no property line: 12' min.
- Rear: 2' min. (from alley, which would be required for vehicular access to garages or parking stalls)

Setbacks (Minimum Yard) Residential - Multiple Family

- Front: 15' min. 20' max.
- Side (interior): 10' min.
- Side (facing street): 13' min.
- Side separation between buildings if there is no property line: 20' min.
- Rear (to primary building wall): 13' min.
- Rear (to porches and projections): 7' min.

Building Height

- Minimum: 20' (Applies to all buildings within the minimum building height area, for the purpose of creating a streetwall along Street '1'.)
- Maximum: 45'

Off-Street Parking - Quantity and Dimensions

• See Coeur d'Alene City Code - Chapter 17.44

Perimeter Streets

- Vehicular access to Area 10 may only be provided from the street on the south side of the area
- On-street parking is accommodated on the street on the south side of the area







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DEVELOPMENT AREA 10 | POTENTIAL CONFIGURATIONS

These diagrams show different ways that buildings and lots can be configured to meet the design intent and development standards for this area. Developers may propose other layouts that comply.

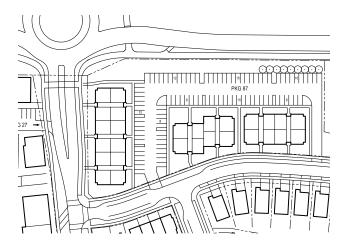
1. Single family homes

2. Townhouses

3. Multiple family (surface parking)











DEVELOPMENT AREA 11 | STANDARDS





To Waterfront Park



Frontage Type C



IIIIIIII Similar to Frontage Type B Applies only to residential development.

> Within Area 11, any residential buildings placed adjacent or near Street '2' shall have a front or side orientation to the street.



Potential vehicle access to Area 11



Required pedestrian walkway



Retain existing trees where possible

Introduction

- . Area 11 occupies an upland plateau that has visibility from W Seltice Way. Compared to most other blocks within the Atlas Waterfront Neighborhood, Area 11 has a wider range of potential uses and layouts.
- + Due to topography and the boundary of development due to soil conditions, vehicle access to Area 11 is limited to the northwest and north sides of the site. Access may be provided from Street '2' and W Seltice
- Area 11 should have link to the pedestrian walkway / hillclimb that runs through Development, Areas 7 and 5 and connects the Upland Park to the Waterfront Park.

Use & Building Types

- · Residential
 - -Single family
- Duplexes (both front and rear-loaded)
- Multiple family
- Cottage Court (cottage-style twin-homes or single family) on individual lots or condo platted.
- Front and rear-loaded townhomes
- + CIVIC
- Child care facility
- -Community assembly, education and organization
- Handicapped or minimal care facility
- Hospital / health care
- Nursing / convalescent homes
- Neighborhood recreation
- Public recreation
- Religious assembly
- Sales
 - -Food & beverage sales (on & off site consumption)
- -Specialty retail sales
- Service activities.
 - Administrative & professional offices
 - -Commercial recreation
 - Group assembly

Lots - Single Family & Duplexes

- Width: 32' min 75' max.
- . Depth: 60' min.
- Area: 2500 sf min.

Lots - Multiple Family

No minimum or maximum size requirements

Lots - Non-Residential Uses

No minimum or maximum size requirements.

Corner Lots (Applies only to Residential)

- Buildings on corner lots shall physically address both public exposures. One of these facades may be considered primary and the other secondary, and the design response may reflect this hierarchy.
- . Buildings on corner lots may have wrapped porches or other architectural projections that extend beyond the typical footprint toward the side street. As such, corner lots should have an appropriate width to accommodate these conditions along with the required setback.

Setbacks (Minimum Yard) Residential - Duplexes, Single Family

- Front garage door; 20' min. (measured from back of sidewalk)
- · Front ground-level porches and projections: Any building that has a garage on the front facade is required to have a ground-level projection or porch that extends at least 4' beyond the garage, toward the

The width of the projection or porch shall be equal to or greater than half the width of the garage door.

- · Side: 6' min.
- · Side separation between buildings if there is no property line: 12' min.
- Rear: 15' min.

UPDATED 3/8/2022 AMENDMENT NO. 3







DEVELOPMENT AREA 11 | STANDARDS

Setbacks (Minimum Yard) Residential - Multiple Family

- Front (to primary building wall): 15' min. 25' max.
- · Front (to porches and projections): 8' min.
- . Side (interior): 10' min.
- . 5ide (facing street): 15' min.
- Side separation between buildings if there is no property line: 20' min.
- . Rear (to primary building wall): 13' min.
- · Rear (to porches and projections): 6' min.

Setbacks (Minimum Yard) - Non-Residential Uses

- . Front: 5' min.
- . 5ide & Rear:
 - 0' min_except as required by life safety or uniform building codes
 - see Coour d'Alene City Code Chapter 17.05.560 C for full description

Building Height

Maximum: 45¹

Off-Street Parking - Quantity and Dimensions

- See Coeur d'Alene City Code Chapter 17:44
- Exception parking for food and beverage sales (on-site consumption) over 1000 sf;
- minimum quantity = 1 space per 250 sf of floor area
- upto 50% of required parking may be provided in the public realm, which includes: public streets.
- the parking lot associated with the waterfront park, other public spaces that may be built as part of this development.

Perimeter Streets

- Vehicular access to Area 11 may only be provided from Street '2' and Seltice Way.
- On-street parking is accommodated on Street '2' at the west side of this site.
- Cottage courts can be served by an alley or public street. Alley-loaded dwellings in cottage courts do not require frontage on a public or private street.

UPDATED 3/8/2022 AMENDMENT NO. 3







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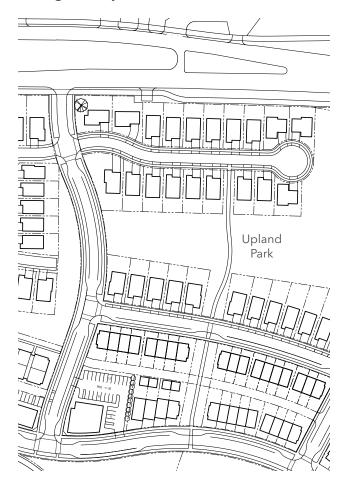




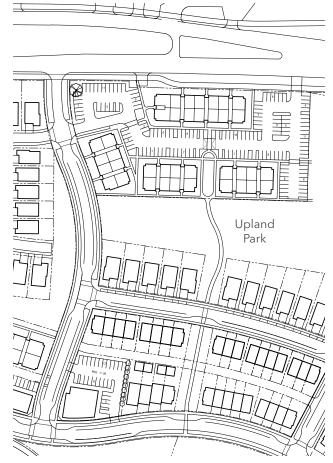
DEVELOPMENT AREA 11 | POTENTIAL CONFIGURATIONS

These diagrams show different ways that buildings and lots can be configured to meet the design intent and development standards for this area. Developers may propose other layouts and use mixes that comply.

1. Single family homes



2. Multiple family (surface parking)



3. Commercial - office or retail (or mix of both)



- If Area 11 is developed with retail, then provide trees and/or other vegetation to screen views of rear loading and service areas from the Upland Park.
- If Area 11 is developed with office that overlooks the Upland Park, then trees at the edge of the lot are optional.



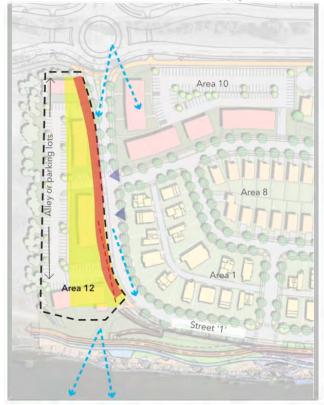




DEVELOPMENT AREA 12 | STANDARDS



Seltice Way



- Frontage A, if developed with residential Frontage D, if developed with retail or similar.
- Minimum building height area
 - Implied extension of Street '1' ROW, for determining setback & preserving view corridor
 - Potential vehicle access to Area 12
- --> Waterfront view

Introduction

- Area 12 lies at the western edge of the site and helps define the western entrance into the neighborhood.
- Buildings along Street '1' are intended to create a streetwall that compliments the overall design of the street.
- To achieve this goal, rear parking lots and/or an alley are required on Area 12.

Uses

- Residential
- Min. 4,000 sf specialty retail or food & beverage sales (max. 1,000 sf on-site outdoor consumption credit)
- Real estate/leasing office
- Hospitality
- Mixed Use- Upper floor residential allowed with min.
 1000 sf ground floor retail/food and beverage/ office in waterfront buildings.

Building Types

- · Single family rear-loaded
- · Duplex rear-loaded
- Townhouse rear-loaded
- Hotel
- · Free-standing retail
- Mixed Use
- · Office

Lots - Townhouses and Duplexes

- Width: 20' min. 36' max.
- · Depth: 80' min.
- Area: 1600 sf min.

Lots - Single Family

- Width: 32' min. 75' max.
- · Depth: 80' min.
- Area: 2500 sf min.

Lots - Non-Residential Uses

No minimum or maximum size requirements

Setbacks (Minimum Yard) Residential - Frontage Type A

UPDATED 3/8/2022 AMENDMENT NO. 3

- . Front to primary building wall: 15' min. 20' max.
- Front to porches and projections: 9' min.

- . Side: 6' min.
- Side separation between buildings if there is no property line; 12' min.
- Rear; 2' min, (from alley, which would be required for vehicular access to garages or parking stalls)

Setbacks (Minimum Yard)

Retail Mixed Use or Similar Uses - Frontage Type D

 Front: 6' min. - 9' max. (Accommodates the creation of a wider sidewalk along Street '1', extending to the building wall, for street furnishing or other features, consistent with Nontage Type D)

4' min.

· Side: 0' min.

Building Height

- Minimum: 20' (Applies to all buildings within the minimum building height area, for the purpose of creating a street wall along Street '1'.)
- Maximum: 35 ft. within 450 ft. of ordinary High Water Mark (OHWM)
- Maximum: 45' greater than 450 ft. OHWM
- Maximum: 45' within 450' of OHWM with sufficient pitched roof elements as determined by the city planning department.

Off-Street Parking - Quantity and Dimensions

- See Coeur d'Alene City Code Chapter 17.44
- Exception parking for food and beverage sales (on-site consumption) over 1000 sf:
 - minimum quantity = 1 space per 250 sf of floor area
 - upto 50% of required parking may be provided in the public realm, which includes:
 - public streets,
 - the parking lot associated with the waterfront park,
 - other public spaces that may be built as part of this development
 - Planning department may allow upto 15% of on street parking to count towards food and beverage required parking.

Perimeter Streets

 On-street parking is allowed Street '1', adjacent to Area 12

Red text reflect PUD amendment no. 1 approved on 3/10/2020

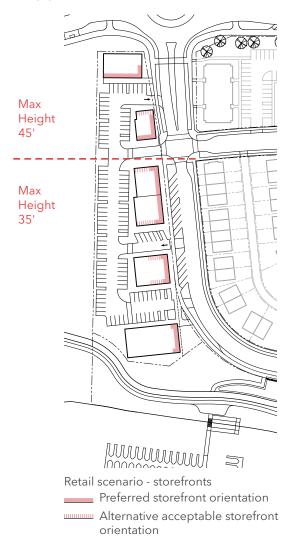




DEVELOPMENT AREA 12 | POTENTIAL CONFIGURATIONS

These diagrams show different uses and how they can be configured to meet the intent and development standards for this block. Developers may propose other layouts and use mixes that comply.

1. All retail, including waterfront restaurant or retail



2. Residential (townhouses) and waterfront restaurant or retail



3. All residential (duplexes and single family)



Red text reflect PUD amendment no. 1 approved on 3/10/2020

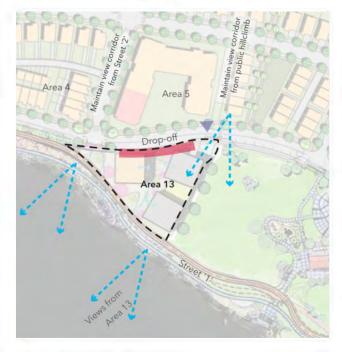






DEVELOPMENT AREA 13 | STANDARDS





Frontage Type D

Potential Vehicle Access To Area 12

--- Waterfront View

Introduction

- Area 13 lies at the western edge of the waterfront park and is intended to help create the commercial heart the neighborhood.
- Buildings within Area 13 should address Street '1' in a way that's consistent with Frontage Type D.

Uses

- · Specialty retail sales
- Hotel
- Food & beverage sales (on-site consumption)
- Mixed Use: Upper floor residential or office allowed with ground floor original PUD allowed land uses. 5000
- Ground floor residential when there is minimum is ground floor retail or food & beverage in the same building on the site.
- Stand alone food & baverage or retail building, min 3500 sf.

Building Types

- · Free-standing retail / restaurant
- Hotel
- Mixed use.
- Multifamily (paired with free-standing retail)

Lots

· No minimum or maximum size requirements.

Setbacks (Minimum Yard) Retail Mixed Use or Similar Uses - Frontage Type D

- Front: 6' min. 9' max. (Accommodates the creation of a wider sidewalk along Street '1', extending to the building wall, for street furnishing or other features, consistent with Frontage Type D)
- Side: 10' min.
- Rear: 10' min.
- 32.5' when on-site diagonal parking is provided for food & beverage/ retail uses
- Allow seven public realm parking spaces to count towards food & beverage/retail parking required when area 13 owner funds 12 diagonal spaces at the park frontage.

Building Height

 Maximum: 45' with sufficient pitched roof elements as determined by the city planning department.

Additional building height:

Conditional height increase of up to 53 feet for 2,900 sf or 22% of the roof area, whichever is less, for pool roof deek.

Conditional height increase to 60 feet 2,300 sf or 17% of roof area, whichever is less, for pool support facilities, food and beverage area, elevator, and stair tower. Food and beverage areas on the roof are required to have public access. Height increases will only be allowed if an agreement can be reached with ignite cda that addresses public benefit.

Off-Street Parking - Quantity and Dimensions

- See Coeur d'Alene City Code Chapter 17.44
- Exception parking for food and beverage sales (on-site consumption) over 1000 sf;
 - minimum quantity = 1 space per 250 sf of lloor area
 - upto 50% of required parking may be provided in the public realm, which includes:
 - public streets,
 - the parking lot associated with the waterfront park,
 - other public spaces that may be built as part of this development
- Condominium (residential) may have tandem parking within building

Perimeter Streets

- One curb cut is allowed on Street '1' for access to off-street parking.
- On-street parking is accommodated on the north side of Street 1!
- To the east of Area 13, on-street parking is also provided on the south side of Street 1 and in the surface lot associated with the waterfront park.

Red text reflect PUD amendment no. 1 approved on 3/10/2020

UPDATED 3/8/2022 AMENDMENT NO. 3 UPDATED 3/12/2024 AMENDMENT NO. 4







DEVELOPMENT AREA 13 | POTENTIAL CONFIGURATIONS

These diagrams show different uses and how they can be configured to meet the intent and development standards for this block. Developers may propose other variations that comply.

1. Large retail (restaurant & bar), potential two-story building



2. Multi-tenant scenario, potential two-story building



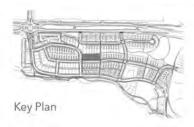
Preferred Orientation







DEVELOPMENT AREA 14 | STANDARDS





Type C - Residential Fronting Interior Streets

Potential Vehicle Access

--> Waterfront View

///// Corner Lots

←→→ Required Pedestrian Walkway

Introduction

· Area 14 is a residential area.

Use

Residential

Allowed Building Types

· Single family front-loaded

Lots

- Width: 35' min. 55' max.
- Depth: 75' min. 125' max.
- Area: 2625 sf min.

Corner Lots & Building Side Expression

- Buildings on corner lots shall physically address both public exposures. One of these facades may be considered primary and the other secondary, and the design response may reflect this hierarchy.
- A building's primary (front) facade may be orientated to the side street.
- Buildings on corner lots may have wrapped porches or other architectural projections that extend beyond the typical footprint toward the side street. As such, corner lots should have an appropriate width to accommodate these conditions, along with the required setback.

Setbacks & Building Separation

- Front garage: 20' min, (measured from back of side walk)
- Front- ground-level porches and projections:
 Any building that has a garage on the front facade is required to have, at a minimum, a ground-level projection or porch that extends 4' beyond the garage, toward the street.

The width of the projection or porch shall be equal to or greater than half the width of the garage door.

- · Side facing street or public corridor: 5' min.
- Side separation between buildings: Single Family and Duplexes: 10' min.
- · Rear: 15'min.

Building Height

Maximum: 45' Single Family (SF)

Off-Street Parking (quantity and dimensions)

See Coeur d'Alene City Code - Chapter 17.44

Perimeter Streets

 Driveway curb-cuts are allowed on the street south of the block. See Building Types for requirements that ensure the provision of regularly spaced street trees.

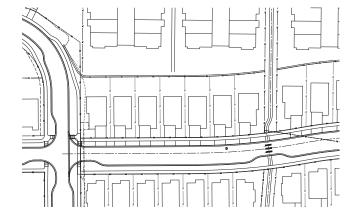




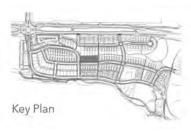


DEVELOPMENT AREA 14 | POTENTIAL CONFIGURATIONS

1. Single Family Homes (front-loaded)



DEVELOPMENT AREA 15 | STANDARDS





Type C - Residential Fronting Interior Streets

Potential Vehicle Access

---> Waterfront View

///// Corner Lots

←→→ Required Pedestrian Walkway

Introduction

. Area 15 is a residential area

Use

Residential

Allowed Building Types

· Single family front-loaded

Lots

- Width: 35' min. 55' max.
- Depth: 75' min.—125' max.

Area: 2625 sf min.

Corner Lots & Building Side Expression

- Buildings on corner lots shall physically address both public exposures. One of these facades may be considered primary and the other secondary, and the design response may reflect this hierarchy.
- A building's primary (front) lacade may be orientated to the side street.
- Buildings on corner lots may have wrapped porches or other architectural projections that extend beyond the typical footprint toward the side street. As such, corner lots should have an appropriate width to accommodate these conditions, along with the required setback.

Setbacks & Building Separation

- Front garage: 20' min. (measured from back of side walk)
- Front ground-level porches and projections:
 Any building that has a garage on the front facade is required to have, at a minimum, a ground-level projection or parch that extends 4' beyond the garage, toward the street.

The width of the projection or porch shall be equal to or greater than half the width of the garage door.

- · Side facing street or public corridor: 5' min.
- Side separation between buildings: Single Family and Duplexes: 10' min.
- · Rear: 15'min.

Building Height

- . Maximum: 35' Single Family (SF) and Duplexes
- Maximum 45' Multifamily (MF)

Off-Street Parking (quantity and dimensions)

See Coeur d'Alene City Code - Chapter 17,44

Perimeter Streets

 Driveway curb-cuts are allowed on the street south of the block. See Building Types for requirements that ensure the provision of regularly spaced street trees.

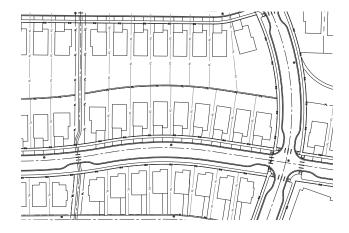






DEVELOPMENT AREA 15 | POTENTIAL CONFIGURATIONS

1. Single Family Homes (front-loaded)



DEVELOPMENT AREA 16 | STANDARDS





Type C - Residential Fronting Interior Streets

Potential Vehicle Access

--> Waterfront View

///// Corner Lots

←→→ Required Pedestrian Walkway

Introduction

Area 16 is a residential area.

Use

· Residential

Building Types

- · Single Family front loaded
- Duplexes
- Townhouses

Lots - Townhouses and Duplexes

- Width: 25' min. 50' max.
- Depth: 60' min. 185' max.
- Area: 1500 sf min.

Lots - Single Family

- Width: 35' min. 55' max.
 Depth: 75' min. 185' max.
- Area: 2625 sf min.

Corner Lots

- Buildings on corner lots shall physically address both public exposures. One of these facades may be considered primary and the other secondary, and the design response may reflect this hierarchy.
- A building's primary (front) facade may be orientated to the side street.
- Buildings on corner lots may have wrapped porches or other architectural projections that extend beyond the typical footprint toward the side street. As such, corner lots should have an appropriate width to accommodate these conditions, along with the required setback.

Setbacks (Minimum Yard) - Rear-Loaded Condition

- . Front to primary building wall: 15' min. 20' max.
- Front to porches and projections: 9' min.
- Side: 5' min
- Side separation between buildings if there is no property line: 12' min.
- Rear: 2' min. (from alley, which is required for vehicular access to garages or parking stalls)

Setbacks (Minimum Yard) - Front-Loaded Condition

 Front - garage door: 20' min, (measured from back of sidewalk) Front - ground-level porches and projections:
 Any building that has a garage on the front facade is required to have a ground-level projection or porch that extends at least 4" beyond the garage, toward the street.

The width of the projection or porch shall be equal to or greater than half the width of the garage door.

- Side: 5' min
- Side separation between buildings if there is no property line: 12" min.
- . Rear: 15' min.

Building Height

· Maximum: 45'

Off-Street Parking (quantity and dimensions)

See Coeur d'Alene City Code - Chapter 17.44

Alley (optional)

- If an alley is provided, it will be delineated within a 20'wide tract and have a 16'-wide, center-aligned, paved driving lane.
- If an alley is provided, all buildings and lots along it shall be configured so that vehicular access to off-street parking is from the alley.
- Where an alley meets a street at the end of a area, screening is required between parking and the sidewalk to fully or partially hide alley parking from public view. Screening may be a garage or vegetation.

Perimeter Streets

- If no alley is provided, then individual driveway curb-cuts are allowed on all streets surrounding the block.
- For front-loaded development, ensure that the layout of lots, buildings and driveways allows for street trees to be planted at regularly spaced intervals along the street.



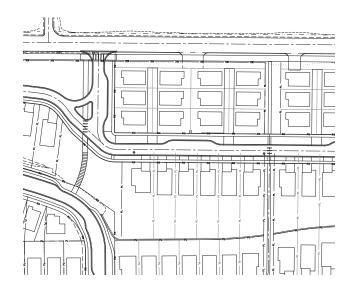


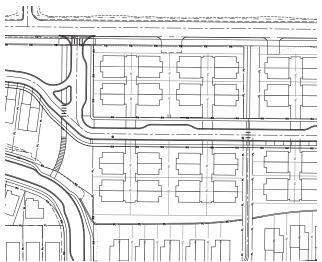


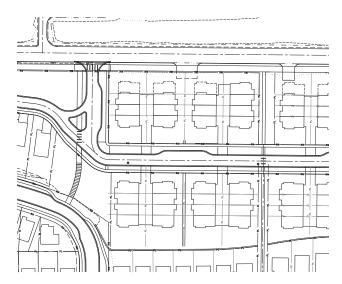
DEVELOPMENT AREA 16 | POTENTIAL CONFIGURATIONS

- 1. Single Family Homes (front-loaded)
- 2. Duplexes

3. Townhomes

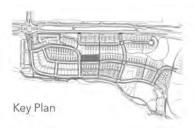








DEVELOPMENT AREA 17 | STANDARDS







Potential Vehicle Access

///// Corner Lots

←−> Required Pedestrian Walkway

Introduction

Area 17 is a residential area.

Use

Residential

Allowed Building Types

· Single family front-loaded

Lots - Single Family

- . Width: 35' min 55' max.
- . Depth: 75' min 185' max
- Area: 2625 sf min.

Corner Lots & Building Side Expression

- Buildings on corner lots shall physically address both public exposures. One of these facades may be considered primary and the other secondary, and the design response may reflect this hierarchy.
- A building's primary (front) facade may be orientated to the side street;
- Buildings on corner lots may have wrapped porches or other architectural projections that extend beyond the typical footprint toward the side street. As such, corner lots should have an appropriate width to accommodate these conditions, along with the required setback.

Setbacks & Building Separation

- Front garage: 20" min. (measured from back of side walk)
- Front ground-level porches and projections:
 Any building that has a garage on the front facade is required to have, at a minimum, a ground-level projection or porch that extends 4' beyond the garage, toward the street.

The width of the projection or porch shall be equal to or greater than half the width of the garage door.

- · Side lacing street or public corridor: 5' min.
- Side separation between buildings: Single Family and Duplexes: 10' min.
- Rear, 15'min.

Building Height

Maximum: 45' Single Family (SF)

Off-Street Parking (quantity and dimensions)

See Coeur d'Alene City Code - Chapter 17.44

Perimeter Streets

 Driveway curb-cuts are allowed on the street south of the block. See Building Types for requirements that ensure the provision of regularly spaced street trees.

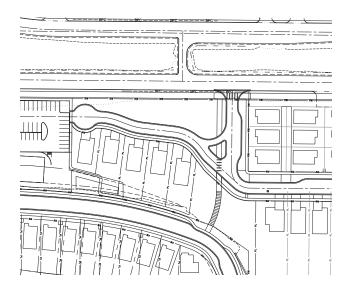






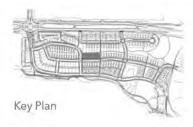
DEVELOPMENT AREA 17 | POTENTIAL CONFIGURATIONS

1. Single Family Homes (front-loaded)





DEVELOPMENT AREA 18 | STANDARDS



Seltice Way



- Type C Residential Fronting Interior Streets
- Potential Vehicle Access
- --> Waterfront View
- ///// Corner Lots
- ←→→ Required Pedestrian Walkway

Introduction

- · Area 18 is a residential area.
- If developed without an alley, then all front-loaded buildings and lot configurations shall be designed to minimize the visual impact of garages facing the street.

Use

· Residential

Building Types

- · Single Family front-loaded
- Duplexes
- Townhouses
- Twin homes (rear-loaded)

Lots - Townhouses and Duplexes

- . Width: 25' min 50' max
- . Depth: 60' min. 185' max
- Area: 1500 st min.

Lots - Single Family

- · Width: 35' min 55' max.
- . Depth: 75' min. 185' max.
- Area: 2625 sf min.

Corner Lots

- Buildings on corner lots shall physically address both public exposures. One of these facades may be considered primary and the other secondary, and the design response may reflect this hierarchy.
- A building's primary (front) facade may be orientated to the side street.
- Buildings on corner lots may have wrapped porches or other architectural projections that extend beyond the typical footprint toward the side street. As such, corner lots should have an appropriate width to accommodate these conditions, along with the required setback.

Setbacks (Minimum Yard) - Rear-Loaded Condition

- . Front to primary building wall: 15' min. 20' max.
- Front to porches and projections: 9' min.
- Side: 5' min.
- Side separation between buildings if there is no property line: 12' min.
- Rear: 2" min. (from alley which is required for vahicular access to garages or parking stalls)

Setbacks (Minimum Yard) - Front-Loaded Condition

- Front garage door: 20' min. (measured from back of sidewalk)
- Front ground-level porches and projections:
 Any building that has a garage on the front facade is required to have a ground-level projection or porch that extends at least 4' beyond the garage, toward the street.

The width of the projection or porch shall be equal to or greater than half the width of the garage door.

- Side: 5' min.
- Side separation between buildings if there is no property line: 12' min.
- · Rear: 15' min.

Building Height

· Maximum: 45

Off-Street Parking (quantity and dimensions)

. See Coeur d'Alene City Code - Chapter 17:44

Alley (optional)

- If an alley is provided, it will be delineated within a 20'-wide tractend have a 16'-wide center-aligned, paved driving lane.

 tract/easement
- If an alley is provided, all buildings and lots along it shall be configured so that vehicular access to off-street parking is from the alley.
- Where an alley meets a street at the end of a area, screening is required between parking and the sidewalk to fully or partially hide alley parking from public view. Screening may be a garage or vegetation.

Perimeter Streets

- If no alley is provided, then individual driveway curb-cuts are allowed on all streets surrounding the block. Exception: No driveways allowed on Seltice Way.
- For front-loaded development, ensure that the layout of lots, buildings and driveways allows for street trees to be planted at regularly spaced intervals along the street.

functional alley



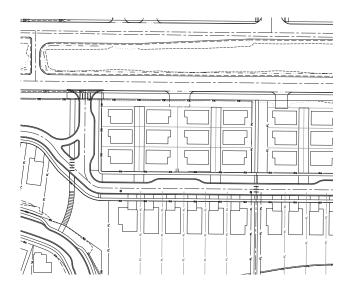


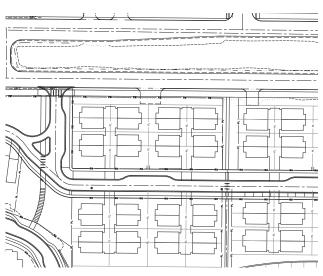


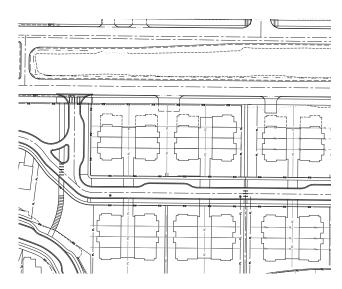
DEVELOPMENT AREA 18 | POTENTIAL CONFIGURATIONS

- 1. Single Family Homes (front & rear loaded)
- 2. Duplexes

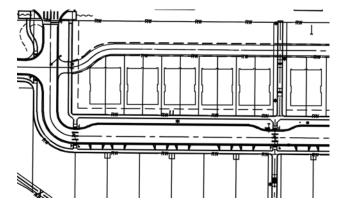
3. Townhomes







4. Twin Homes (Rear-Loaded)

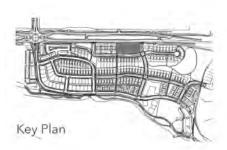


UPDATED 3/12/2024 AMENDMENT NO. 4





DEVELOPMENT AREA 19 | STANDARDS





- Type C Residential Fronting Interior Streets
- Potential Vehicle Access
- --> Waterfront View
- ///// Corner Lots
- Required Pedestrian Walkway
- Alley Parking Screening

Introduction

. Area 19 is a residential area.

Use

· Residential

Building Types

- Single Family front-loaded
- Duplexes
- Townhouses
- Twin homes (rear-loaded)

Lots - Townhouses and Duplexes

- Width: 25' min. 50' max.
- Depth: 60' min 185' max. Area: 1500 sf min.

Lots - Single Family

- Width: 35' min. 55' max.
- Depth: 75' min. 185' max.
- Area: 2625 st min.

Corner Lots

- · Buildings on corner lots shall physically address both public exposures. One of these facades may be considered primary and the other secondary, and the design response may reflect this hierarchy.
- · A building's primary (front) facade may be orientated to the side street.
- Buildings on corner lots may have wrapped porches or other architectural projections that extend beyond the typical footprint toward the side street. As such, corner lots should have an appropriate width to accommodate these conditions, along with the required setback.

Setbacks (Minimum Yard) - Rear-Loaded Condition

- . Front to primary building wall: 15' min. 20' max.
- Front to porches and projections: 9' min.
- Side: 5' min.

UPDATED 3/12/2024 AMENDMENT NO. 4

- . Side separation between buildings if there is no property line: 12' min.
- Rear: 2' min. (from alloy which is required for vehicular access to garages or parking stalls)

 fu

 Front - ground-level porches and projections. Any building that has a garage on the front facade is required to have a ground-level projection or porch that extends at least 4' beyond the garage, toward the street.

The width of the projection or porch shall be equal to or greater than half the width of the garage door.

- Side: 5' min.
- Side separation between buildings if there is no property line: 12' min.
- · Rear: 15' min.

Building Height

. Maximum: 45'

Off-Street Parking (quantity and dimensions)

See Coeur d'Alene City Code - Chapter 17.44

Alley (optional)

- If an alley is provided, it will be delineated within a 20'wide treet and have a 16'-wide, center-aligned, paved driving lane tract/easement
- . If an alley is provided, all buildings and lots along it shall be configured so that vehicular access to off-street parking is from the alley.
- Where an alley meets a street at the end of a area. screening is required between parking and the sidewalk to fully or partially hide alley parking from public view. Screening may be a garage or vegetation.

Perimeter Streets

- If no alley is provided, then individual driveway. curb-cuts are allowed on all streets surrounding the block Exception: No driveways allowed on Seltice Way.
- For front-loaded development, ensure that the layout. of lots, buildings and driveways allows for street trees to be planted at regularly spaced intervals along the street.

functional alley

Setbacks (Minimum Yard) - Front-Loaded Condition

 Front - garage door: 20' min. (measured from back of sidewalk)



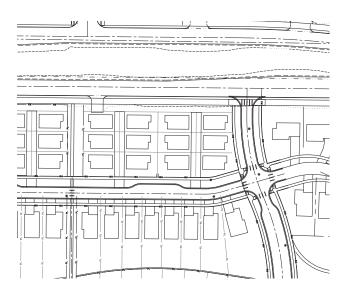


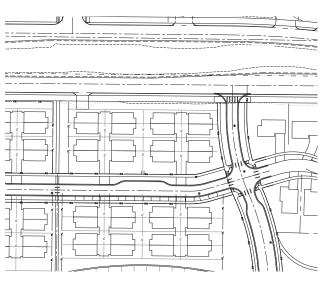


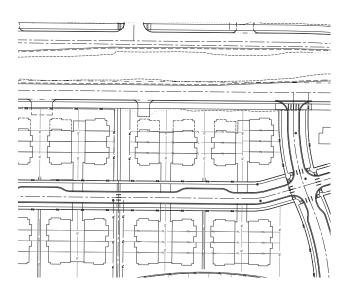
DEVELOPMENT AREA 19 | POTENTIAL CONFIGURATIONS

- 1. Single Family Homes (front-loaded)
- 2. Duplexes

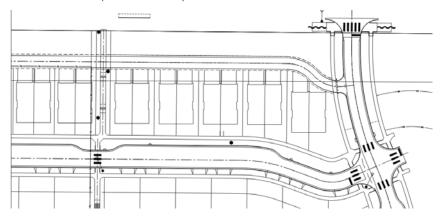
3. Townhomes







4. Twin Homes (Rear-Loaded)



UPDATED 3/12/2024 AMENDMENT NO. 4





DEVELOPMENT AREA 20 | STANDARDS







Introduction

- Hillside block that will be developed with front-loaded houses or duplexes
- · Buildings and lot configurations shall be designed to minimize the visual impact of garages facing the street.
- The north side of area 7 abuts the southern edge and lower slopes of the upland nature park.
- Area 7 must contain a public corridor that roughly bisects the block. It is intended to create a view corridor and provide pedestrian connectivity between the upland and riverfront parks.
- The specific location of the public comidor is flexible; but it must fall within the middle 1/3 of the overall block length. It also must be aligned with the same corridor through Area 5.

Use

Residential

Allowed Building Types

- Single family front-loaded
- Duplex front-loaded and rear-loaded
- Multifamily (parking within building).
- Front and rear-loaded townhomes
- Cottage Court (cottage-style twin-homes, duplex, or single family) on individual lots or condo platted.

Lots

- Width: 32' min. 75' max. Depth: 100' min. 90' min.
- Area: 3200 sf min

UPDATED 3/8/2022 AMENDMENT NO. 3

Corner Lots & Building Side Expression

- · Buildings on comer lots shall physically address both public exposures. One of these facades may be considered primary and the other secondary, and the design response may reflect this hierarchy.
- · A building's primary (front) facade may be orientated to the side street.
- · Buildings on corner lots may have wrapped porches or other architectural projections that extend beyond the typical footprint toward the side street. As such, corner lots should have an appropriate width to accommodate these conditions, along with the required setback.

Setbacks & Building Separation - Single Family

- . Front garage: 20' min. (measured from back of side walk)
- Front ground-level porches and projections: Any building that has a garage on the front facade is required to have, at a minimum, a ground-level projection or porch that extends 4' beyond the garage. toward the street.

The width of the projection or porch shall be equal to or greater than half the width of the garage door.

- . Side facing street or public corridor: 5' min.
- Side separation between buildings: Single Family and Duplexes: 10' min.
- · Rear: 15'min.
- Cottage Court front yard setback: 5' min when alley loaded Setbacks (Minimum Yard) - Multiple Family
- Front (to primary building wall): 15' min. 20' max.
- · Front (to porches and projections): 9' min.
- · Side (interior): 10' min.
- Side separation between buildings if there is no property line: 20' min.
- . Side (facing street): 13' min.
- · Rear: 7' min.

Building Height

- Maximum: 35' Single Family (SF) and Duplexes
- Maximum 45' Multifamily (MF)

Off-Street Parking (quantity and dimensions)

. See Coeur d'Alene City Code - Chapter 17.44

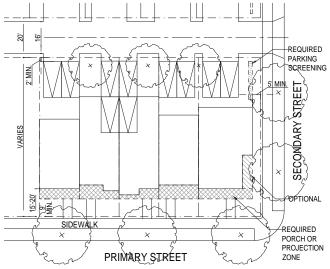
Perimeter Streets

- . On-street parking adjacent to Area 7 is allowed on Street '2' and Suzanne Rd.
- Driveway curb-cuts are allowed on the street south. of the block. See Building Types for requirements that ensure the provision of regularly spaced street trees.
- Cottage courts can be served by an alley or public street. Alley-loaded dwellings in cottage courts do not require frontage on a public or private street.

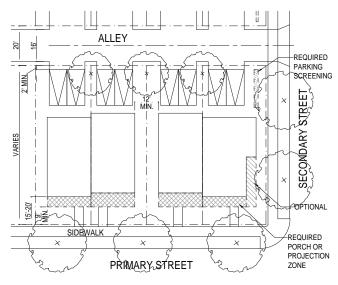




ALLEY LOADED TOWNHOUSES



ALLEY LOADED DUPLEXES



ALLEY LOADED TOWNHOUSES AND DUPLEXES

Parking:

- All parking shall accessed from the alley, where one is provided.
- Surface parking adjacent to a street shall be screened by landscaping, a fence, or low wall maintained at minimum height of 36".
- Planting strips are encouraged to be provided between every two surface parking spaces.

Building Frontage:

- Entries shall be oriented to the Primary Street and include a porch or stoop a min. 6' x 6' and 18" above the adjacent grade.
- Privacy transition shall be provided at primary entries facing Riverfront Drive.

Building Design:

- A minimum of 50% of the building frontage shall be located at the primary building setback.
- At a minimum, buildings shall be modulated at every two units.
- Projections and porches may extend to the minimum building setback.
- Corner lots are encouraged to have porches wrap the building corner.



TYPICAL ALLEY LOADED TOWNHOMES







TYPICAL ALLEY LOADED DUPLEXES



TYPICAL ALLEY LOADED TOWNHOUSES



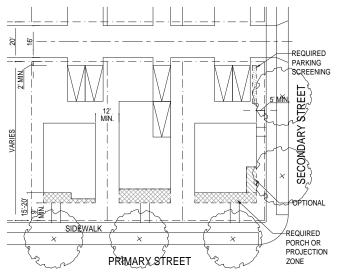
TYPICAL ALLEY LOADED TOWNHOMES



TYPICAL ALLEY TOWNHOMES WITH TUCK UNDER PARKING



ALLEY LOADED SINGLE FAMILY HOMES





TYPICAL ALLEY LOADED SINGLE FAMILY

ALLEY LOADED SINGLE FAMILY HOMES

Parking:

- All parking shall accessed from the alley, where one is provided.
- Surface parking adjacent to a street shall be screened by landscaping, a fence, or low wall maintained at minimum height of 36".
- Planting strips are encouraged to be provided between every two surface parking spaces.

Building Frontage:

- Entries shall be oriented to the Primary Street and include a porch or stoop a minimum 6' x 6' and 18" above the adjacent grade.
- Privacy transition shall be provided at primary entries facing Riverfront Drive.

Building Design:

- A minimum of 50% of the building frontage shall be located at the primary building setback.
- Projections and porches may extend to the minimum building setback.
- Corner lots are encouraged to have porches wrap the building corner.



TYPICAL ALLEY LOADED NARROW LOT SINGLE FAMILY





FRONT LOADED SINGLE FAMILY

"PRIMARÝ STREET

FRONT LOADED DUPLEXES AND SINGLE FAMILY HOMES

Parking:

- Parking garages shall be set back a min. 20' measured from the back of the sidewalk.
- Garage doors shall be set back a minimum 4' from a building projection or porch.
- Parking on corner lots are encouraged to face the Secondary Street.
- Developments are encouraged to minimize curb cuts and parking garage visibility at Primary Street frontages.

Building Frontage:

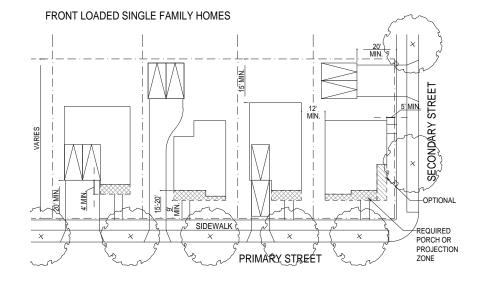
- Entries shall be oriented to the Primary Street and include a porch or stoop a minimum 6' x 6' and 18" above the adjacent grade.
- Privacy transition shall be provided at primary entries facing Riverfront Drive.

Building Design:

PROJECTION

70NF

- A minimum of 50% of the building frontage shall be located at the primary building setback.
- Projections and porches may extend to the minimum building setback.
- Corner lots are encouraged to have porches wrap the building corner.





02.05.2021



TYPICAL MULTI-FAMILY



TYPICAL MULTI-FAMILY

Medium-density residential and commercial mixed-use buildings are encouraged at designated locations within the Atlas Mill Neighborhood. Rather than stand-alone projects, these buildings are envisioned as an integral part of the surrounding neighborhoods, extending the fabric of friendly streets, creating activity nodes with ground level, community-oriented uses, and providing an appropriate scale transition to nearby detached and attached single family houses.

Clustering of apartment houses or neighborhood-scaled office buildings at these locations offers the opportunity to create activity centers with local-serving retail and restaurant uses, as well as neighborhood-serving amenities and services at the street level.

MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL

Parking:

- All parking shall accessed from the alley or secondary street, where provided.
- Surface parking adjacent to a street shall be screened by landscaping, a fence, or low wall maintained at minimum height of 36".
- Parking lots shall include a minimum of one tree island for every 10 parking stalls.

Building Frontage:

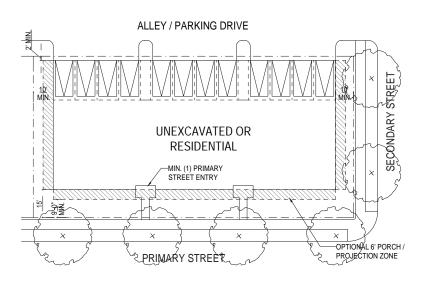
- Primary building entries shall be oriented to the Primary Street.
- Ground floor residential units are encouraged to have individual unit entries.
- Private unit entries shall include a porch or stoop a minimum 6' x 6' and 18" above the adjacent grade.
- Ground floor parking may not be located adjacent to primary street frontages.
- Below grade parking adjacent to street frontages may extend a maximum of 4' above the adjacent grade.
- Below grade parking shall be accessed from an alley or secondary street, where provided.

Building Design:

- A minimum of 50% of the building frontage shall be located at the primary building setback.
- Projections and porches may extend up to 6' beyond the primary building setback.
- At a minimum, buildings shall be modulated every 60' along street frontages.



MF - WALKUP BUILDINGS REQUIRED TREE ISLAND SURFACE PARKING 10' MIN SECONDARY RESIDENTIAL -MIN. (1) PRIMARY STREET ENTRY OPTIONAL 6' PORCH / PROJECTION ZONE ÇPRIMARY STREÈ1€





TYPICAL MULTI-FAMILY



TYPICAL TOWNHOMES WITH TUCK UNDER PARKING







TYPICAL MIXED-USE MULTI-FAMILY



TYPICAL MIXED-USE MULTI-FAMILY

MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL / COMMERCIAL MIXED-USE

Parking:

- All parking shall accessed from the alley or secondary street, where provided.
- Surface parking adjacent to a street shall be screened by landscaping, a fence, or low wall maintained at minimum height of 36".
- Surface parking adjacent to a street shall be screened by landscaping, a fence, or low wall maintained at minimum height of 36".
- Parking lots shall include a minimum of one tree island for every 10 parking stalls.

Building Frontage:

- Primary building entries shall be oriented to the Primary Street.
- Ground floor residential units are encouraged to have individual unit entries.
- Private unit entries shall include a porch or stoop a minimum 6' x 6' and 18" above the adjacent grade.
- Ground floor parking may not be located adjacent to primary street frontages.
- Below grade parking adjacent to street frontages may extend a maximum of 4' above the adjacent grade.
- Below grade parking shall be accessed from an alley or secondary street, where provided.
- A minimum 8' wide clear sidewalk shall be provided adjacent to commercial building frontages.

Building Design:

- A minimum of 50% of the building frontage shall be located at the primary building
- Projections and porches may extend up to 6' beyond the primary building setback.
- Commercial uses shall include a minimum window area of 50% of the ground floor facade for each front facade which can include glass entry doors.
- Buildings shall be modulated a minimum of every 60' along street frontages.



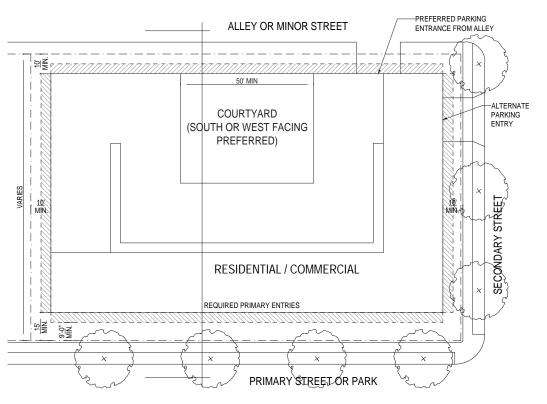




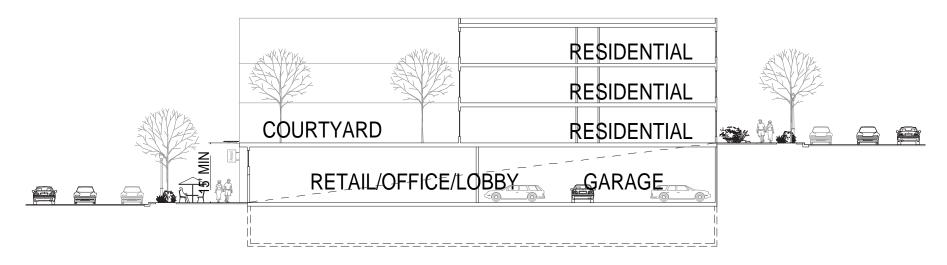
TYPICAL MIXED-USE MULTI-FAMILY



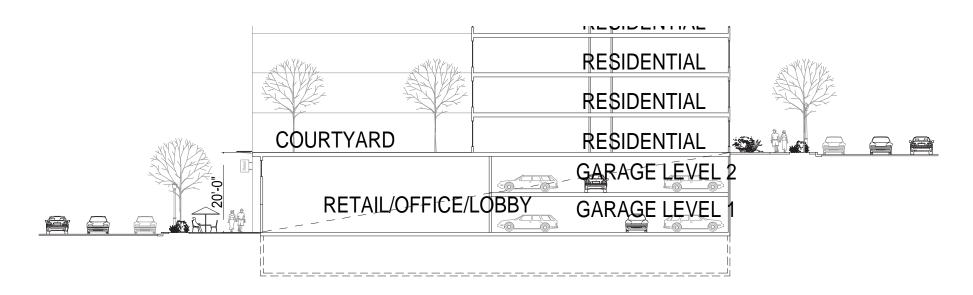
TYPICAL MIXED-USE MULTI-FAMILY







CONCEPTUAL MIXED-USE MULTI-FAMILY BUILDING SECTION



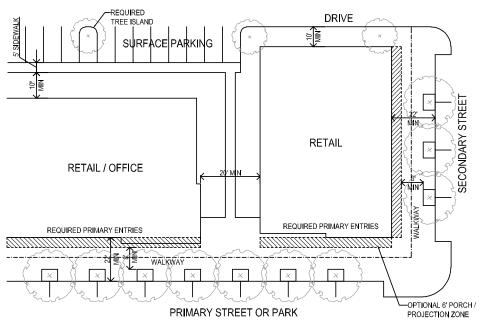
CONCEPTUAL MIXED-USE MULTI-FAMILY BUILDING SECTION





TYPICAL COMMERCIAL / RETAIL

COMMERCIAL-FREE STANDING RETAIL



COMMERCIAL / OFFICE

Parking:

- All parking shall accessed from the alley or secondary street, where provided.
- Surface parking shall be located at the rear of the building.
- Surface parking adjacent to a street shall be screened by landscaping, a fence, or low wall maintained at minimum height of 36".
- Parking lots shall include a minimum of one tree island for every 10 parking stalls.

Building Frontage:

- Primary building entries shall be oriented to the Primary Street.
- Ground floor parking may not be located adjacent to primary street frontages.
- Below grade parking shall be accessed from an alley or secondary street, where provided.
- A minimum 8' wide clear sidewalk shall be provided adjacent to commercial building frontages.
- Additional uses above the ground floor are encouraged.

Building Design:

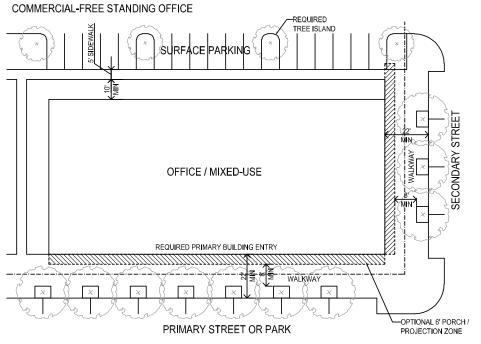
- A minimum of 50% of the building frontage shall be located at the primary building setback.
- Projections and porches may extend up to 6' beyond the primary building setback.
- Commercial uses shall include a minimum window area of 50% of the ground floor facade for each front facade which can include glass entry doors.
- Buildings shall be modulated a minimum of every 60' along street frontages.













TYPICAL RETAIL / COMMERCIAL



TYPICAL COMMERCIAL / OFFICE





FENCING

Per City Code 17.06.815 Fencing Regulations with the following modifications:

A. FENCES NEXT TO SIDEWALKS, if fences are used to provide privacy, control circulation, provide security, and emphasize entryways next to sidewalks, the following guidelines must be met:

- 1, Visual Impact of Fences: If fences are used, they must be more visually transparent than opaque when located adjacent to public streets.
- 2. Stepped Fences Required: Fences shall be "stepped" rather than sloping with the grade.
- 3. Wire/industrial Fences Prohibited: Wire fences constructed of "industrial" type materials such as chainlink are not allowed when located adjacent to public streets.

B. FENCE HEIGHT

1. Residential and Non-Residential uses: Front yard no more than 4 feet and 6 feet for side/rear yard.

No road gates are allowed for roads servicing a development area (block)

Fencing cannot impede the vision triangle.

Detailed fence style, material and types will be included in the HOA master declaration document.

Corner lots, alley parking, and surface parking lots must be screened in conformance with the City's Commercial Design Standards Parking Lot Screening Requirement.

PUD Amendment No. 1 approved on 3/10/2020

UPDATED 3/8/2022 AMENDMENT NO. 3



